# Proportional directional spool valve type PSL, PSM, and PSV according to the Load-Sensing principle size 5 (valve bank design)

#### 1. General

The directional spool valves types PSL and PSV serve to control both, the direction of movement and the load-independent, stepless velocity of the hydraulic consumers. In this way several consumers may be moved simultaneously, independently from each other at different velocity and pressure ratings, as long as the sum of the partial flows needed for this is within the total delivery supplied by the pump. The proportional spool valves of this pamphlet are designed as valve banks and consist of three functional groups:

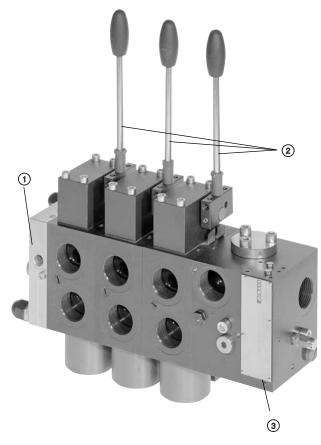
#### **Basic data** Design

Versions Pressure p<sub>max</sub> Flow Q<sub>max</sub>

Proportional directional spool valve according to the Load-Sensing principle Valve bank design 400 bar 160 (240) l/min

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#### Further technical information:

Size Design

2 Valve bank design

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- Valve bank design
- 3, 5 Manifold mounting design
- Manifold mounting design

#### Pamphlet D 7700-2 D 7700 CAN D 7700-3 D 7700-F

# Mounting

1 End plate 2 Directional spool valve

3 Connection block



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D 7700-7F

D 7700-5 Prop.-direct. spool valve type PSL, PSM, PSV

2.1

August 2011-00

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0		ding overview			
2.		oding, overview ple: (For additional examples, see also sect.	6 2)		
		F80/400 - 5 - 5 2 J 160/160 A300 F 3/	,		
		- 5 2 H 120/120 S /			
		- A 1 L <u>40/25</u>		/5 AS300 BS	<u>300</u> - <u>E 1</u> - <u>G 24</u>
	0000		14)	(15)	(16) (17)
		ax. 10 valve sections, in one or more valve ba bing is required, if more are requested (see als			ted in series via the internal LS-duct.
1	Basic type cod	e for the connection block	6	Tool adjustable	e, piloted pressure limiting valve (main pressure
	(for more detail	ls see sect. 3.1)		,	e connection block (see table 9, sect. 3.1.4)
	PSL	Supply with pressurized oil by means of constant delivery pump (open center).		(no coding) <b>/</b>	Without pressure limiting valve (only type PSV) Pressure limiting valve, factory set to bar
	PSV	Supply with pressurized oil by means of	7		the hole-pattern of the mounting area for the
		variable displacement pump with a delivery /flow controller (closed center), as a second,		spool valves to 5	be added) Size 5
		separate unit, or if both valve banks are connected to a constant pressure system.			(for size 2, see D 7700-2)
	PSM	Supply of pressurized fluid either via constant	8	Ports at the dir	(for size 3, see D 7700-3) ectional spool valve for A and B
		delivery or variable displacement pump. For external circuitry, see sect. 3.1)	0	5	G 1 (ISO 228/1)
2		nnection block for P and R		Α	Suited for mounting of ancillary blocks acc. to $\textcircled{10}$
	5 6	G 1 (ISO 228/1) (BSAPP) G 1 1/4 (ISO 228/1) (BSPP)		or	
_	UNF 6	1 5/8-12 UN-2B (SAE-20, SAE J 514)		Add-on interme are omitted	ediate plates (see sect. 3.2.2) Position ${rak 9}$ ${rak 9}$
3		nents (see table 2 and 4 in section 3.1)		ZPL 5 S(V)/H	Hydraulically actuated shut-off valve
	(no coding) <b>S, W</b>	Basic version Additional damping device in gallery LS		ZPL 5 S(V)/E ZPL 5 P6 R6	Solenoid actuated shut-off valve Additional pump and return port G 1 1/4 (BSPP)
	B, B 47 G	Orifice in gallery LS Restrictor check valve		ZPL 55/9	Spacer plate 9 mm
	H	Raised circulation pressure of the 3-way flow	(9)	ZPL 50 T	Blocking intermediate plate ol valve (see table 13, sect. 3.2.1)
	U, UH	controller (approx. 14 bar, type PSL) Automatic reduction of the pump idle circula-	0	2 (standard)	Spool valve with inflow controller for each
		tion pressure by means of a by-pass valve (only type PSL)		1	consumer Spool valve without inflow controller, suitable
	Y, YH	Separate, pressure resistant port for the			for consumers, which are actuated individual- ly and successively but not simultaneously
		excess oil from the 3-way flow controller (type PSL)			(no additional functions possible)
	Ν	function integrated for the P gallery, (only type PSV)		5, 7	Inflow controller with enforced spring for higher flow
4	Control oil sup	ply (see table 7, sect. 3.1.4)		8, 81	4/3-way directional spool valve (pre-selector
	(no coding)	Without pressure reducing valve, if control oil		R 2, R 5, R 7	spool valve) like 2, 5, 7 but with check valve function
		is supplied externally (min. 20 bar up to max. 40 bar)	10	-	flow pattern (see sect. 3.2.1, table 14)
	1	With integrated pressure reducing valve for the internal supply with control oil	(1)		r ports A and B (see table 15, sect. 3.2.1)
	2	With integrated pressure reducing valve for	9	/	Coding for port A or B (independently selec-
		the internal supply with control oil (control pressure approx. 40 bar).	(12)	10	table) <b>16, 25, 40, 63, 80, 120, 160</b>
5	•	ay solenoid valve for arbitrary idle pump circu-	C)	•	mitation (deviating from the main pressure pressure for the connected consumer) no shock
	lation (see table (no coding)	e 8, sect. 3.1.4) Without directional valve, but prepared for		valves (see sec	t. 3.2.1, table 16) (doesn't apply to spool valve nflow controller)
	( C,	retrofitting		(no coding)	No LS-pressure limitation
	F, Z, ZM	De-energized open = Idle pump circulation when valve is de-en-		A B	Only for consumer port A Only for consumer port B
		ergized (with valve WN 1F or EM 21 DSE)		AB	For consumer ports A and B
	D, V	De-energized closed = Idle pump circulation		C	Joint for consumer port A and B (not in con- junction with <b>③ F.</b> or <b>S.</b> )
		when valve is energi- zed (with valve WN 1 D			
		or EM 21 DE)			
	<b>F</b> or <b>D</b>	If a pressure is specified, with pressure limit- ing valve which can be activated as a second			
	PA, PB, PD	pressure stage (e.g. F80) Prop. pressure limiting valve with various			
	· ~, " D, " D	pressure ranges			

(13)	Functional cut-	off (see table 17, sect. 3.2.1), doesn't apply to	(16)	End plate (see	sect. 3.1.5, table 11)
Ŭ		es without inflow controller,	Ŭ	E.	Ports conf. ISO 228/1 (BSPP)
	F 1	Electrical cut-off, consumer port A		E. UNF	Ports conf. SAE-4 acc. to SAE J 514
	F 2	Electrical cut-off, consumer port B		E1	With T-port for external control oil return to the
	F 3	Electrical cut-off, consumer port A and B			tank (standard)
	FP 1(2, 3)	Like F 1(2, 3), however with electro-proportio-		E 2	Like E 1, with additional port Y for connection
		nal pressure limitation			to the LS-port of a further, separately located
	FPH 1(2, 3)	Like FP 1(2, 3), however with additional push-			PSV spool valve
		button for manual emergency actuation		E 3	Like E 1, with additional 3/2-way directional
	S, S 1	External hydraulic load signal pick-up from			solenoid valve for arbitrary shut-off of pump
		the control signal port U (consumer port A)			circulation during idle position of the valve
		and W (consumer port B)			spools
	Х	External load pressure pick-up via control port		E 4	Like E 1, however internal return control oil
_		X (common for A and B)			return, max. pressure 10 bar!
14	Types of actuat	ion (see sect. 3.2.1, table 20)		E 5	Like E 2, however internal return control oil
	/A	Manual actuation			return, max. pressure 10 bar!
	/E	Electro-hydraulic actuation		E 6	Like E 3, however internal return control oil
	/EA	Electro-hydraulic and manual actuation			return, max. pressure 10 bar!
	/E0A	Like /EA, however without actuation solenoid		E 7 with E 16	Variations, see table 11, sect. 3.1.5
		(prepared for retrofitting)		E 7 A 1(2)	Like E 1, however with additionally integrated
	/H	Hydraulic actuation			pressure reducing valve (control pressure: <b>1</b> = approx. 20 bar,
	/H UNF	Like /H, however with port thread 7/16-20			<b>2</b> = approx. 40 bar) similar connection block,
		UNF-2B SAE-4 (conf. SAE J 514)			see table 6 in sect. 3.1.3
		Hydraulic, (solenoid) and manual actuation		E 8 A 1(2)	Like E2, however with additionally integrated
	/HA UNF	Like /HA, however with port thread 7/16-20		= 0 / ( ( _ /	pressure reducing valve
	(a	UNF-2B SAE-4 (conf. SAE J 514)			(control pressure: $1$ = approx. 20 bar,
	/C, AR	Detent (stepless), 3-step detent			<b>2</b> = approx. 40 bar) similar connection block,
	/ER, /EAR	Electrical, 3-step detent			see table 6 in sect. 3.1.3
	/P	Pneumatic actuation		E 1(E 4) PSV 5	6 (Additional) inlet section instead of the end
	/PA /K	Pneumatic and manual actuation		E 1(E 4) PSL 5	
	/ħ	Mechanical joy-stick (2-axis)		. ,	
	/ Suffix	1 without hand lever		ZPL 53,	Adapter plate enables combination with
		WA, WA-EX Integrated travel indicator		ZPL 53 RB	valve sections size 3 acc. to D 7700-3
~		U Lift monitoring (side indication)		ZPL 52	Adapter plate enables combination with valve
(15)	•	s (acc. to table 19 in sect. 3.2.1), into combi-	~		sections size 2 acc. to D 7700-2
	nation with cod	ing A of 🖲	17	Solenoid voltag	ge and version (see table 10, sect. 3.1.4)
	/5, /UNF 5	Ancillary blocks without additional functions		G 12	12V DC connection conf. EN 175 301-803 A
	/5 AS BS,	Ancillary blocks with shock valves at A		G 24	24V DC connection conf. EN 175 301-803 A
	/UNF 5 AS BS	and B (routed to the opposing side), with pres-		G 24 EX	24V DC, explosion-proof version, conforming
		sure specification (bar)		G 24 TEX 70	24V DC, explosion-proof version, conforming
	/5 AN BN	Ancillary blocks with shock and suction			(ambient temperature 70°C)
	/UNF 5 AN BN.	valves at A and B, with pressure specification		G 24 MSHA	24V DC, explosion-proof version, conforming,
	A ACN DON	(bar) With sheek and suction values A or P			fire-damp protected (mining)
	/4 ASN BSN, /5 AN, /5 BN	With shock and suction valves A or B		G 24 M2 FP	24V DC, explosion-proof version, conforming, fire-damp protected (mining) (Australien)
	/5 AN, /5 BN	Ancillary blocks with over-center valves at A,		G 12 IS	12V DC, explosion-proof version, conforming,
	/5 AL	with pressure specification (bar)		0 12 15	fire-damp protected (mining)
	/5 BL	Ancillary blocks with over-center valves at B,		AMP 12 K 4	12V DC connection via AMP Junior Timer
	/0 211	with pressure specification (bar)		AMP 24 K 4	24V DC connection via AMP Junior Timer
	/5 VV(VX, XV)	Ancillary blocks with blocking func-		S 12	12V DC electr. connection via quarter turn
		tion via EM 42 V			plug
	/UNF 5 VV(VX,			S 24	24V DC electr. connection via quarter turn
	. ,	EM 42 V acc. to D 7490/1 (one or both sided)			plug
		blocking the consumer with zero leakage		DT 12	12V DC electr. connection via plug
		(Q <sub>max</sub> approx. 160 lpm)			Co. DEUTSCH
	/5 DRH,	Ancillary blocks with releasable check		DT 24	24V DC electr. connection via plug
	/UNF 5 DRH	valves			Co. DEUTSCH
	/54 <b>DFA</b> ,	Ancillary blocks for re-generative circuit			
	/54 DFB				
	/54 DFB /54 DEA,	Ancillary blocks switch able regenerative			
	/54 DFB				

Intermediate plates (acc. to table 11, sect. 3.2.1) /Z 30 Spacer plate

Ancillary blocks with Bypass-valves

/5 R VV

#### 3. Available versions, main data

#### 3.1 Connection blocks and end plates

There are three basic variations of connection blocks:

- Connection blocks with integrated 3-way flow controller, suitable for a constant delivery pump system (open-center) type PSL (see sect. 3.1.1)
- Connection blocks suited for a variable displacement pump system (closed center), a constant pressure systems, or if a second or • more separately located directional spool valve banks are fed in parallel - type PSV (see sect 3.1.2)
- Connection blocks for arbitrary supply with pressurized oil either by means of constant delivery pump or variable displacement pump • (external connection) - type PSM (acc. to 3.1.3)

Order coding for a connection block as individual section (examples):

(Attention: Size specification absolutely necessary, here -5)

PSL 61 F/250 - 5 - G 24 PSV 51 - 5

3.1.1 Connection blocks for constant delivery pump systems (with integrated 3- way flow controller) type PSL

Order example: **PSL 5** 1 F 0/350-5 -...- E 1 - G 24 PSL 6 U H 1 F/300-5 -...- E 1 - G 24 see table 2

see table 10

Table 1: Basic type and port size

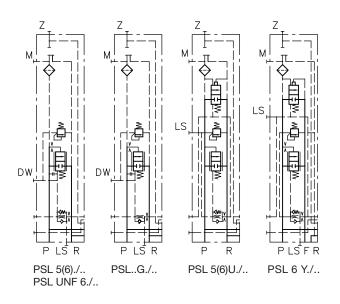
Coding	Port P and R conf. ISO 228/1 (BSPP) or SAE J 514	Max. pump delivery flow (lpm)	Description
PSL 5	G 1	250	Standard, integrated 3-way flow controller, can be converted in a version
PSL 6	G 1 1/4	300	for variable displacement pumps (corresponding type PSV) any time, see
PSL UNF 6	1 5/8-12 UN-2B (SAE-20)	300	sect. 6.3.3
PSL 5 U	G 1	250	Automatic reduction of the idle pump circulation pressure by means of a
PSL 6 U	G 1 1/4	300	by-pass valve (see also sect. 6.1a, $Q_{pu} \ge 150$ lpm with solenoid actuation)
PSL 6 Y	G 1 1/4	300	Additional pressure resistant port for excess of from the 3-way flow con- troller (see also sect. 6.1a). This version also includes the by-pass valve like with type PSL 5(6) U
type		16 is combined	2, sect. 3.2.2) has to be installed right after the connection block whenever d with a valve section with ancillary block (coding SL 5-A acc. to table 12 a fitting in port R.

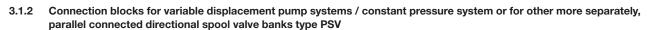
Table 2: Coding for additional elements (for notes and descriptions, see sect. 6.1a)

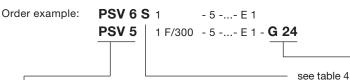
Coding	Description			
no coding	tandard Featuring a combination of orifice, check valve, pre-load valve (pre-load pressure approx. 25 bar)			
W	standard, but with increased throttle effect			
G	estrictor check valve (without sequence valve), increased throttling effect			
н	Coding for 3-way flow controller with raised circulation pressure (see sect. 4.2), otherwise similar flow pattern symbol as the standard version. Intended e.g. for valve spools with increased flow (coding 5 acc. to table 15)			

Flow pattern symbols

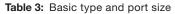
(see also sect. 3.1.4)







Nominal voltage, see table 10



Divergent type coding at type PSV 5 N

Coding	Port P and R conf. ISO 228/1 (BSPP) or SAE J 514	Max. pump delivey flow (lpm)
PSV 5	G 1	approx. 250
PSV 5 N	G 1	approx. 300
PSV 6	G 1 1/4	approx. 300
PSV UNF 6	1 5/8-12 UN-2B (SAE-20)	approx. 300

The connection blocks type PSV 5, PSV 6 and PSV UNF 6 featuring a pressure limiting valve, may be converted any time into type PSL (standard) see pos. 6.3.3

Note: A spacer plate type SL 5-ZPL 55/9 (see table 22, sect. 3.2.2) has to be installed right after the connection block whenever type PSL 5(6), PSV 5(6) and PSM 6 is combined with a valve section with ancillary block (coding SL 5-A.. acc. to table 12 and 19) as otherwise it is not possible to mount a fitting in port R or LS (PSV 5 N).

**PSV 5 N S 1** 

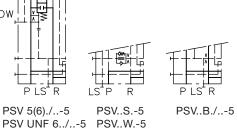
PSV 5 N S 2 V 250/270 - 5

**PSV 5 N S | Z 350/310** - 5

Damping device (acc. to table 4) necessary LS-pressure limitation (bar) Main pressure limiting valve (bar)

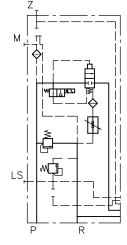
LS-relief, arbitrarily activated, (see table 3a)

Symbols (see also sect. 3.1.3)

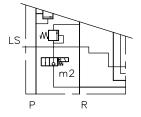


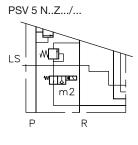
Symbols

PSV 5 N..-



PSV 5 N..V.../...





Order example:

#### Table 3 a: LS-relief

Coding	Description			
no coding	Without arbitrary relief, prepared for retrofitting of a directional seated valve type EM 11 S(V) acc. to D 7490/1			
V With 2/2-directional seated valve type EM 11 V acc. to D 7490/1 (closed when deenergized)				
Z	With 2/2-directional seated valve type EM 11 S acc. to D 7490/1 (open when deenergized)			
movements of c position. The pu	pressure of variable displacement pump controllers may lead to unintentional consumers with low load pressure even while the respective valve is in its idle imp gallery is completely blocked with type PSV 5 N to ensure a definitive se- p, and consumer circuit. This takes place by means of a selencid valve. The			

table 7

300/270 - 5

position. The pump gallery is completely blocked with type PSV 5 N to ensure a definitive separation of pump and consumer circuit. This takes place by means of a solenoid valve. The LS-gallery together with the LS-controller may be additionally relieved via a separate 2/2-way directional seated valve.

Table 4:Codings for features within the LS-signal duct to dampen the pump flow controllers<br/>(For notes and explanation, see sect. 6.1 a).<br/>Additional features only suitable where variable displacement pumps are used

	(limitation of the control oil flow). See also note at table 8 !				
Coding	Description				
no coding	Standard, no additional feature				
S Integrated combination of orifice, check valve, pre-load valve (pre-load pressure approx. 25 bar); like standard with type PSL					
W	Like S, however increased throttle effect				
B Orifice Ø 0.8 mm within LS-duct (to limit control oil flow).					
B 4, B 5, B 6, B 7	Orifice $\varnothing$ 0.4 mm, 0.5 mm, 0.6 mm or 0.7 mm within LS-duct				

Th	onnection block type PSM e connection block can be used livery pump or for variable displacer			on is to be customer furnished. The required pipes	
	propriate external connection.		Ũ		
Order exan	nple: <b>PSM 6.</b> 1 F/200	- 5 E 5 - <b>G 24</b>			
	see table 6		see table 10		
able 5:	Basic type and port size		Elow pottorn o	$\mathbf{p}$	
			Connection ap	symbols (see also sect. 3.1.4)	
Coding	Ports P and R acc. to ISO 228/1 (BSPP) or SAE J 514	Max. pump delivery flow (lpm)	constant delive systems		
PSM 6	G 1	approx. 300			
PSM UNF	6 1 5/8-12 UN-2B (SAE-20)	approx. 300			
w w ai	2.2) has to be installed right after the henever type PSM 6 is combined ith ancillary block (coding SL 5-4 nd 19) as otherwise it is not possible ort R.	with a valve section			
Table 6:	Coding for additional elements		j <sup>R</sup> ⊔ ILS		
Coding	Description				
no coding	Standard (damping like type PSL)				
н	Coding for 3-way flow controller circulation pressure (see sect. 4.2) of the standard version, e.g. suited for increased flow rating (coding 5, see	therwise identical to or valve spools with	<sup>1</sup> ) 3/2-way dire	ectional valve not scope of delivery	
	Iditional elements for the connect rder example: PSL 6. <b>1 F 1(</b> PSV 5. <b>1 F</b>	tion blocks 00 /380 - 5 E 1 350 - 5 E 1	- <u>G 24</u>	able 8	
able 7:	Coding for control oil supply (for s	umbol soo soot 211			
Coding	Description	ymbol, see sect. 3. 1. 1	, 0. 1.2 anu 0. 1.3)		
no coding			or P acc. to sect.	. 3.2 table 17 or in the case of external control of	
1	With integrated pressure redupick-up for other control values			ply for actuations H(HA), HEA) and E(EA) or a	
2	Control pressure: Coding 1:	approx. 20 bar (+ retu approx. 40 bar (+ retu	irn pressure at R)		
Table 8:	Arbitrary idle pump circulation of means of 2/2-way solenoid valve D 7470 A/1. 2/2-way solenoid valve type EM 2 D 7490/1 E and prop. pressure lim Doesn't apply to <b>PSV 5 N5</b> !	type WN 1 acc. to	circu W or <b>Attention:</b> Obse	imit the control oil flow, when using the idle pum ulation with type PSV an additional element coding § r B 4, B 5, B 6 acc. to table 4 is required. serve note in sect. 6.1 a when using the valves for a ergency stop function!	
Coding	Description	]	Coding	Description	
no coding	If not required		PA, PB, PD	Prop. pressure limiting valve enables variable adjustment of the system pressure range:	
F	With WN 1 F, idle pump circula energized (emergency stop)		Z	PA 100320 bar, PB 15250 bar, PD 18400 bar Prop. pressure limiting valve type EM 21 DSE, ope when deenergized	
-	With WN 1 D. idle pump circ	ulation it valve is			

), idle pump energized With pressure limiting valve, which can be activated as a second pressure stage (specify pressure in bar) F.... (pre-set pressure, tool adjustable from 50 to 400 bar) D.... Example: Type PSL 41 F 100/350-3..  $p_{max}$  100 bar  $p_{max}$  350 bar De-energized

or

Energized

## Like Z, but with lead sealed wing screw for emer-ΖM gency operation Prop. pressure limiting valve type EM 21 DE, closed V when deenergized Additional LS pressure limitation (50 ... 400 bar) Not suited to compensate pressure peaks on the Х... consumer side.

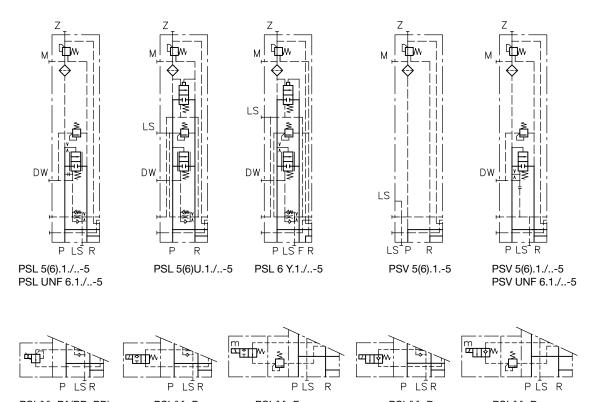
Table 9:Tool adjustable pressure limiting valve for the main pressure. Adjustable from 50 up to 420 bar, after slackening the lock-nut<br/>(for symbol, see sect. 3.1.1, 3.1.2 and 3.1.3).

Coding	Description			
no coding	Version without pressure limiting valve (only type PSV)			
/	With pressure limiting valve at PSL and PSV, if pressure specification in bar is added non piloted:       PSV 5 N         piloted:       All others			

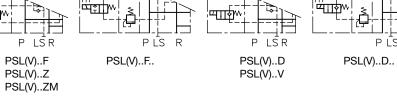
#### Table 10: Solenoid voltage and version

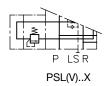
Coding	Description				
G 12 .	Electr. connection conf. EN 175 301-803 A, via plug (MSD 3-309)				
G 24T	Suffix: Applies only to the solenoid actuation coding E, EA, HEA, FEA (table 20) and the functional cut-off (coding F, FP, table 17), see also sect. 4.3				
L without T TH H 4	Actuation solenoid 3-pin (standard) Manual emerg. actuation (standard with functional cut-off F., FP., see table 17) Manual emerg. actuation with pushbutton (standard with functional cut-off FPH, FP., see table 17) Actuation solenoid 4-pin (only 24 V DC)				
G 24 C 4	Electr. connection conf. EN 175 301-803 C, via plug (MSD 6-209), 4-pin actuation solenoid				
X 12 . X 24 .	Electr. connection conf. EN 175 301-803 A, without plug. For options, see coding G				
<b>S 12 .</b> <b>S 24 T</b> L without	Electr. connection via quarter turn type plug (Bayonet PA 6, Co. SCHLEMMER D-85586 Poing, suited for taper with bayonet 10 SL), 3-pin actuation solenoid Suffix:				
т	Manual emergency actuation (standard with functional cut-off FP., table 17)				
AMP 12 K 4 AMP 24 K 4	Vertical connection via plug AMP Junior Timer, solenoid features 4 terminals				
AMP 24 H 4 T	Lateral connection via plug AMP Junior Timer, solenoid features 4 terminals and manual emergency actuation				
DT 12 DT 24	Connection via plug Co. DEUTSCH DT 04-4P, suited for socket DT 06-4S				
G 24 EX G 24 EX-10 m	For use in areas with explosion hazardous atmosphere. Suited for category 2 and 3, zone 1, 21, 2, 22. Protection class EEx m II 120° (T4) - with cable length 3 m (no coding) or 10 m				
EX TEX EX4 TEX4	3-pin actuation solenoid 3-pin actuation solenoid with manual emergency actuation 4-pin actuation solenoid 4-pin actuation solenoid with manual emergency actuation				
G 24 TEX 70 G 24 TEX 70-10 m	Like G 24 EX , but for ambient temperature < 70°C				
G 12 IS G 12 IS-10 m	For use in mines and its on-surface systems, which can be endangered by fire damp and/or combustible dust. Protection class I M2 Ex d ib I (fire-damp protected), with cable length 5 m (no coding) or 10 m				
G 24 MSHA G 24 MSHA-10 m	For use in mines and its on-surface systems, where a ATEX (EU), IEC, MSHA (USA) or MA (China) approval is mandatory. Protection class I M2 Ex d I (fire-damp protected) with cable length 3 m (no coding) or 10 m				
G 24 M2 FP G 24 M2 FP-10 m	For use in mines and its on-surface systems, where a IEC or ANZE (Australien) approval is mandatory. Protection class I M2 Ex d I (fire-damp protected) with cable length 3 m (no coding) or 10 m				
<ul> <li>An inte G 12 IS</li> <li>Coding gency a</li> <li>Coding S(V)E (t)</li> </ul>	ids of explosion-proof design are only available for actuation E, EA or HE(A) (table 20). rmediate plate ZPL 33/5 (see table 22) has to be provided between the valve sections when using solenoids G 24 MSHA and G 24 M2 FP. G 24 C4 (X 24 C4) is only available for solenoids of the electrical actuation (table 20) where there is no manual emer- actuation. AMP, DT not available for idle circulation valves coding D, F, PA, PB, PD (table 8), intermediate plates ZPL 5 able 22), end plates E 3, E 6 (table 11), functional cut-off coding F, (table 17) S Not available for functional cut-off coding F. (table 17) and comparator coding U (table 21)				

## Symbole



PSL(V)..PA(PB, PD)





#### 3.1.5 End plates

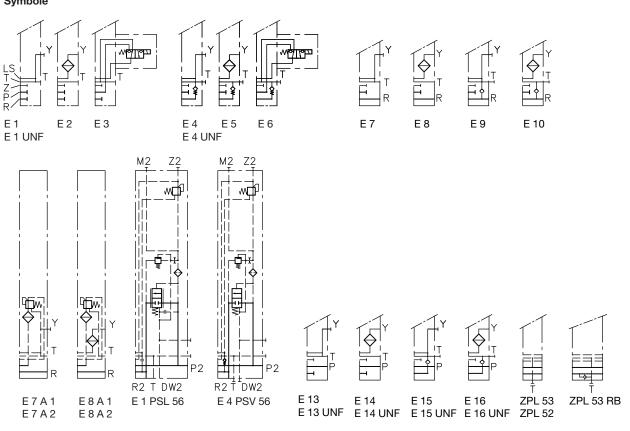
Order example: PSL 51 F 100/380 - 5 - 52.. - E 1 - G 24

Table 11: End plates

End pla External port T (separate return pipe to the tank)	1	Ports	Description Order coding of an end plate as individual part (example): SL 5 - E 1 SL 5 - E 6 - G 24 SL 5 - ZPL 52
E 1 E 1 UNF	E 4 E 4 UNF	ISO 228/1 (BSPP):	Standard end plate
E 2	E 5	T, Y = G 1/4 P = G 1 R = G 1 1/4	With additional inlet port Y e.g. for connecting the LS-control pipe of a subsequent PSV spool valve bank.
E 3	E 6	SAE J 514 (E UNF): T, Y = 7/16-20 UNF-2B	Possibility for arbitrary shut-off of the idle pump circulation by means of a directly mounted 3/2-way directional seated value WN 1 H acc. to D 7470 A/1
E 7	E 9	(SAE-4) P. R = 1 5/16-12 UN-2B	Like E 1/E 4, but with additional port R
E 8	E 10	(SAE-16)	Like E 2/E 5, but with additional port R
E 13 E 13 UNF	E 15 E 15 UNF		Like E 1/E 4, but with additional port P
E 14 E 14 UNF	E 16 E 16 UNF		Like E 2/E 5, but with additional port P
E7A1 E7A2 E8A1 E8A2			E 7 A. like E 1 and E 8 A. like E 2, but with additionally integrated pressure reducing valve (control pressure: $1 = approx$ . 20 bar $2 = approx$ . 40 bar). Intended for applications where the control pressure has to be maintained (e.g. to achieve a defined trigger pressure). The control pressure is influenced by the backpressure in the return with the standard version (control oil supply via the connection block).
ZPL 53	ZPL 53 RB	T = G 1/4	Adapter plate to continue a prop. direct. valve bank size 5 with sections of size 3
ZPL 52			Adapter plate to continue a prop. direct. valve bank size 5 with sections of size 2
E 1 PSL 56 E 1 PSV 56	E 4 PSL 56/ E 4 PSV 56/	-	End plate with additional connection block functionality, see table 1 and 3, sect. 3.1.1 and sect. 3.1.2. Intended as additional inler section or as dual circuit when combined with intermediate plate ZPL 50 T acc. to table 22, the LS-signal has to be routed exter- nally from the connection block (type E. PSL 56) or the intermedia- te plate (type ZPL 50 T) to port DW 2.

Note: The internal control oil return line has to be used only at systems where the return pressure does not exceed 10 bar

Symbole



# 3.2 Add-on spool valves

## 3.2.1 Directional spool valve

Order example:	PSV 61/380 - 5 <b>- 5 2 L 16</b>	60/80 A300 F 1 /EA - E 1-	- G 24
see	table 12 table 13 table 14	see table see table see table see table	
Order code for singl	e section (examples):	Directional spool valve Valve spool (individual)	SL 5-52 J 80/40 F 2/EA-G 24 SL 5 - J 120/40

**Note:** Size specification absolutely necessary, here SL 5 ! The valve spools are subsequently interchangeable, e.g. if a different flow rating than initially planned becomes necessary (see sect. 6.3.4)

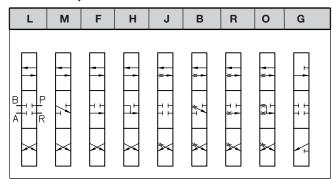
### Table 12: Port size A and B

	Coding	Ports
5 G 1 (ISO 228/1) (BSPP)		G 1 (ISO 228/1) (BSPP)
A With ancillary blocks acc. to table 19		With ancillary blocks acc. to table 19
	Note: A spacer plate type SL 5-ZPL 55/9 (see table 22, sect. 3.2.2) has to be installed right after the cor whenever type PSL 5(6), PSV 5(6) or PSM 5(6) is combined with a valve section with ancillary block (control acc. to table 12 and 19) as otherwise it is not possible to mount a fitting in port R.	

## Table 13: Spool valve; basic unit

Coding	Features, description								
2	<b>Standard,</b> with inflow controller, for simultaneous load compensated moving of several consumers (3/3-, 4/3-way spool valve, standard type)								
1	Without inflow controller intended for singly / successively actuated functions. Additional functions on the con- sumer side are not possible. For the max. consumer flow of the indiv. consumer, see table 15, and sect. 6.1b)								
5	With inflow controller (for symbol, see coding 2) but with reinforced spring at the 2-way flow controller (control pressure approx. 9 bar). Only usable in conjunction with connection block type PSL.H./ or type PSV with variable displacement pump / constant pressure system. (For note, see sect. 6.1a and b)								
7	With inflow controller (for symbol, see coding 2) but with reinforced spring at the 2-way flow controller (control pressure approx. 13 bar). Only usable in combination with connection block type PSV with variable displacement pump / constant pressure system. (For note, see sect. 6.1b)								
8	4/3-way directional spool valve, utilized as pre-selector (also, see symbol page 13), only available with ports G 1*, (acc. to table 12) coding -58. This version is only recommended with flow coding L or H and max. flow. Only usable in conjunction with connection block type PSL.H/ or type PSV with variable displacement pump / constant pressure system. (* = BSPP) (For note in sect. 6.1c)								
81	Like coding 8, but without LS-input from consumer port B to the main LS-gallery (For note in sect. 6.1b)								
82	Like coding 8, but without shuttle valve. The LS-signal for subsequent valve sections is gnerated at the P-gallery (For note in sect. 6.1b).								
R 2 R 5 R 7	Like coding 2, 5, 7, but with additional check valve functionality (spool valve = slight leakage), (For note in sect. 6.1b) Only usable in conjunction with connection block type PSL.H./ or type PSV with variable displacement pump / constant pressure system.								

Table 14: Symbole



**Table 15:** Max. flows  $P \rightarrow A(B)$  acc. to the coding

Valve spool coding acc.	Flow coding Q <sub>A, B</sub> (lpm) at consumer port A and B <sup>1</sup> )										
to table 13	16 25 40 63				80	120	160				
2	16	25	40	63	80	120	160				
1	20	32	51	80	110	150	210				
			· ·		way flov iide line	v contro	oller				
	Q <sub>A,B</sub> ≈	Q <sub>nom.</sub>	· √0,2 ·	$\Delta p_{cont}$	roller						
	$\begin{array}{l} Q_{nom} \text{-} Nom. \text{ flow with coding 2} \\ \Delta p_{controller} \text{ Stand-by-pressure of the pump controller} \\ \text{Example: } Q_{nom} = 120 \text{ lpm,} \\ \Delta p_{controller} = 14 \text{ bar} \\ Q_{A,B} \approx 200 \text{ lpm (guideline)} \end{array}$										
5	20	32	51	80	110	150	210				
7	23 37 60 95 130 175 240										
8, 81, 82	like coding 1 (only for port A)										
The consume independent		•					-				

independently e.g. 63/40, 40/80. This allows tailoring the flow exactly to the respective requirements while still maintaining the full functional stroke. Additional there is the possibility of a stroke limitation.

 Tabelle 17:
 Functional cut-off (only avail. for spool valves with inflow controller coding 2, 5 and 7 acc. to table 13!)
 Not in combination with flow pattern symbol N!)

	nation with flow pattern symbol N!)				
Coding	Description				
no coding	Without functional cut-off				
S, S 1	Load signal ports U and W (G 1/8) (BSPP) for external piping				
x	Common load pressure signal port (G 1/8) (BSPP) for an external activati- on, only in combination with coding 5 (G 1 (BSPP), table 12)				
FP 1, FP 2, FP 3 FPH 1, FPH 2, FPH 3	Like F1, F2, F3 but add. prop. pressure limitation at A or B as well as A and B version FPH. with additional pushbut ton for manual emergency actuation without tool				
F 1, F 2	Electric functional cut-off at A or B				
F 3	Electric functional cut-off at A and B				
	pressure when the LS gallery is relieved. pressurized the residual pressure will be: $(\Delta p_{controller} = control pressure of to table 13)$ $_{ck} = 10 \text{ bar}$ $_{ck} = 5 \text{ bar}$ $_{ck} = 1 \text{ bar}$				

J, B, R, O, I, Y, Z, V	Spool with return flow throttling to support the oscillation damping (observe note in sect. 6.1c)
G	3/3-way spool valve (observe note in sect. 6.1c)
w	4/2-way spool valve (observe note in sect. 6.1c)
HW, OW	Valve spool with wider fitting to prevent spool sticking - intended for contamination prone systems

 Table 16:
 LS-pressure limiting valves, no shock valves (only availably for spool valves featuring a inflow controller, coding 2, 5 and 7 acc. to table 13 !)

Coding	Description
no coding	Without pressure limitation
A	Pressure limitation at A with pressure specification
В	Pressure limitation at B with pressure specification
AB	Pressure limitation at A and B with pressure speci- fication
C	With manual short-cut valve between A and B as well as drain valve for A or B to the tank
Drocoura limita	tion n E0 hore n 400 hor

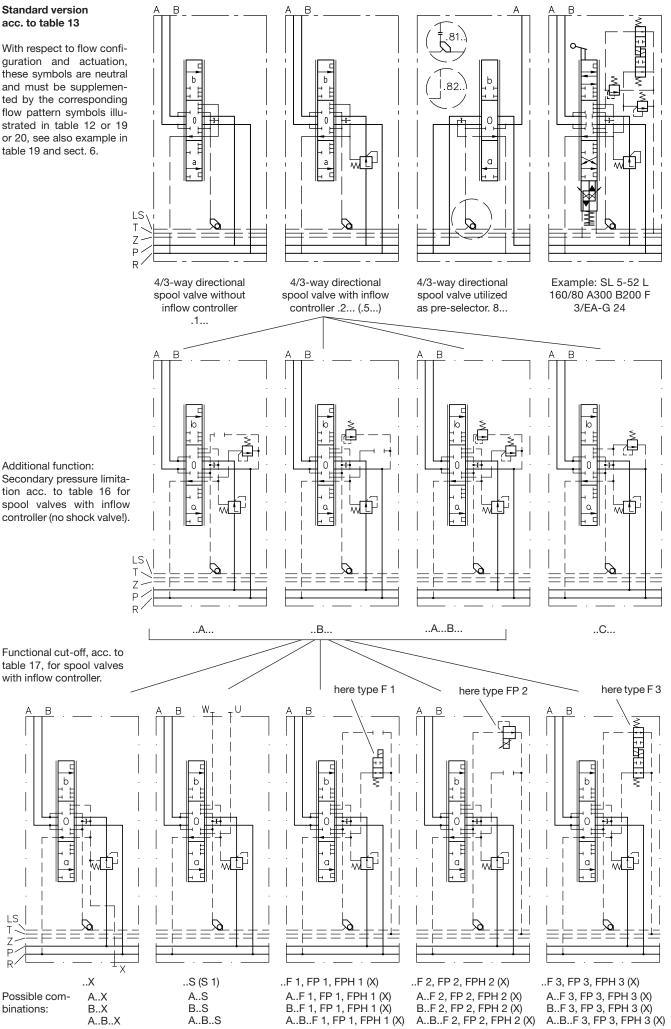
Pressure limitation  $p_{min}$  = 50 bar;  $p_{max}$  = 400 bar Example:: SL 3-32 H 63/40 **A 250 B 200**/A

Table 18:	Possible combinations of the additional functions,
	see page 12

Pressure limitation	Functional cut-off					
	no coding	S S 1	х	F 1, F 2, F 3 FP 1, FP 2, FP 3 FPH 1, FPH 2, FPH 3		
no coding	•	•		•		
A or B	•	•	•	•		
A and B						
С	•					

Table 19:	Ancillary Port size Observe	: <b>/5</b> = 0			= G 3/4,	/UNF 5.	. = 1 5/16-1	2 U	NF-2B (SAE- <sup>-</sup>	6)	
Coding		Brief c	description	on		Symbols	3	[	Coding	Brief description	Symbols
/5 /UNF 5	Without additional functions						/54 DFA	For regenerative circuit piston side connected at A (type /54 DFA) or piston side connec- ted at B (type			
	/UNF 5 AS BS ti		shock a alves at <i>i</i> pressure (bar)	A and B,					/54 DFB	/54 DFB) Note: Not suitable for the use with dragging loads!	
/4 ASN B	SN	A and oppos	shock va B (route sing side ure speci	d to the e), with					/5 VV /UNF 5 VV	With shut-off val- ves EM 42 V acc. to D 7490/1 (one or b o t h s i d e s ) blocking the con- sumer with zero	
/5 AN BN /UNF 5 AN		<b>BN</b> With shock and suction valves at A or B, with pressure specification (bar)					/5 VX /UNF 5 VX	leakage (Q <sub>max</sub> approx. 160 lpm)			
/5 AN		With shock and suc- tion valves at A and B, with pressure specifi- cation (bar)					/5 XV /UNF 5 XV				
/5 BN		With by-pass valves						/5 DRH /UNF 5 DRH	Releasable check valves in A and B (release ratio 1: 2.5) For additional ver- sion with pre-relie- ve coding /5 DRH VV, see D 6110 type		
/5 R VV		type EM 22 V acc. to D 7490/1 for arbitrary customer relieve. <b>Note:</b> Q <sub>max</sub> = 40 l/min		D    [₅Ē				/54 DEA	DRH 5 With switchable regenerative cir- cuit functionality	A - B	
/5 AL /5 BL	<b>6</b> - 250 -	at A o (For n D 791	over-cent r B. nore det 8 type L	tails, see		 >+  	<u>b</u> <sub>+</sub> B 		/54 DEB	via 2/2-way valve type EM 41 S	
Ĩ			Pressure	e settina	(bar)				Intermediate	plates for parallel co	nnection
	F		m) / Rele	-					/Z 30	Spacer plate 30mm	
		Coding	A 6	B 6	C6 [	D6 E	6 F 6			to compensate height differences	
		(lpm)	250	200	150 1	00 50	25			between differing ancillary blocks or	
Bypass-thro	ottle D2		4		0	-	0			to prevent collisi- ons of neighboring	
Coding Ø mm)			0.5	6 0.6 (std.)	<b>7</b> 0.7	<b>8</b> 0.8			ancillary blocks when combined with other interme- diate plates		
Release ratio	1:6		1:4.26	1:3	1:1.95	1:1.56	1:0.79				
	00 - 5 <b>- A</b>	n suited	for	An	S220 B		4 - G 24		/Z ALW /Z BLW	With over-center valve for A or B and add. shuttle valve. For type coding, see coding /5 AL or /5 BL	





Nomenclature	Manual act	Manual actuation		Electro-hydraulic actuation		ulic actuatio	n	Pneumatic actuation	Manual 2-axis
	Spring return	Detent	Purely electro- hydrau- lic	In comb. with manual actuation	Purely hydrau- lic	In comb. with manual actuation	In comb. with solenoid and manual ac- tuation		
Coding	A E0A	C EOC AR EOAR	E El ER	EA EAR	H H UNF	HA HA UNF FA	HEA HEA UNF FEA (HE, FE)	P PA	К
Symbols									
Manipulated variables	Actuation a min. appro max. appro	x. 5°	Control current ratio I/I <sub>N</sub> min. approx. 0.2 max. approx. 1			Control pressure (bar) min. approx. 5 max. approx. 18 max. perm. 50			Actuation angle approx. 519°

• Approximate figures for start of flow (= min) at A or B up to the max. consumer flow according to the flow coding table 15, see curves in sect. 4.2.

• Hydraulic actuation type F. acc. to D 7700 F has to be selected when combined with ancillary blocks! Difference between actuation H.. and F. is the position of the control line ports. With actuations HE(A) or FE(A) observe also notes and circuit examples in sect. 6.1i!

• Type E0A, E0C, E0AR is prepared for retrofitting solenoid actuations

- Type AR, ER and EAR come with detent in the end positions, stroke limitation not possible
- Type EI Version without stroke limitation
- Order example for type K, see sect. 6.1 h
- Type EM and EAM: Version with pressure gauge ports at the actuation heads
- Type E 9, E 9 A: Actuation torque like with H, HA

### Table 21: Additional features for the actuations

Type of actuation / coding	Suffix	Description	Example	Symbols
A, EA, HA, PA, C	1	Manual actuation without hand lever	EA 1, C 1	1 2
A, EA, HA, PA, C	2	Manual actuation with short hand lever (for dimensions, see sect. 5.3)	EA 2, A 2	F F
A, EA, C, PA, K, H, HA	WA WA-EX WA-M2 FP	Integrated position sensor (Hall-sensor) with analogous signal output (lift monitoring) Version WA-EX, explosion-proof version Coding WA-M2 FP with fire-damp protected version (mining)	EA WA, A 1 WA	WA U
A, EA, C, PA, HA, HEA, FA, FEH	U	Integrated spool monitoring for side indication (Comparator triggered signal: ON / OFF)	EA U	
A, C, E, E0A	<b>(G)</b> no coding	Reinforced version of the spring cover, intended when high pressure surges are expected in the T-line.		

## 3.2.2 Add-on intermediate plates

Order example: PSL 51/250-5-32 H 63/40 /EA

-ZPL 5 S/H

-32 L 25/16 /EA-E 4-G 24

Table 22: Add-on intermediate plates

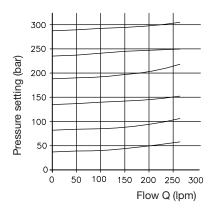
Coding	Brief description	Symbols
ZPL 5 S/H ZPL 5 V/H ZPL 5 S/E ZPL 5 V/E	The shut-off valve can arbitrarily block the pump gallery for all subsequent consumers. The switching signal can be either hydraulically (/H) or electrical (/E). The connection to all subsequent valve sections can be either open (S) or blocked (V) if not actuated. The main application is with circuits where it is necessary to lock (block) one or more consumers due to functional or safety reasons. $p_{switch} \ge 12 \text{ bar } (p_{max S} = 400 \text{ bar})$	ZPL 5 S/H ZPL 5 V/E
ZPL 5 P6 R6	Additional pump and return port G 1 1/4	
ZPL 5 P6 R6 ER ZPL 55/9	Like ZPL 5 P6 R6 , but with additional check valve in gallery R and additional tank port T. It can be only used when ZPL 52 (see table 11) is mounted subsequently. Spacer plate (9 mm) between connection block and first valve section, necessary when this section is equipped with an ancillary block (acc. to table 19). Observe note intable 1, 3 an 5.	LS ZPL 5 P6 R6 ZPL 5 P6 R6 ER ZPL 55/9 ZPL 50 TS
ZPL 50T S	Intermediate plate separating two systems working individually (in combination with end plate E 1 (PSL) or E 4 (PSV) 56 acc. to table 11 <b>Note:</b> The LS-signal from port LS 2 has to be routed externally from the connection block (type E. PSL 56) to port DW 2. Coding for add. element in the LS signal line, see table 4.	

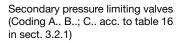
#### 4. Characteristic data 4.1 General and hydraulic PSL, PSV or PSM see sect 3.1 Type coding Spool valve of block design, up to 10 spool valves, all-steel Design Tapped holes: M10; see dimensions sect. 5++ Mounting Installation position Arbitrary Р = Pressure inlet (pump) / lead-on Ports M = Pressure gauge connection (pump side) R = Return Z = Pilot pressure connection (20 ... 40 bar = Consumer ports А,В inlet, 20 or 40 bar outlet) F = Pressure resistant return = Control oil return port Т U, W, X = Load-signal outlet at the indiv. spool Υ = Load-signal inlet port (end plate E 2, E 5, valve section E 8, E 10, E 14 (UNF) and E 16 (UNF) LS, DW = Load-signal outlet e.g. connection of pump metering valve at PSV. Attention: no pressure input! = Acc. to type coding (see sect. 3.1) Ports P, R, A, B, F M, LS, Z, T, Y, DW = G 1/4 (ISO 228/1 (BSPP)) or 7/16-20 UNF-2B (SAE-4, SAE J 514) = G 1/8 (ISO 228/1 (BSPP)) U, W, X Surface coating All surfaces corrosion-inhibiting, gas nitrided Solenoid at actuation E.. and additional functions F 1...F 3, FP 1...FP 3, FPH 1...FPH 3 galvanisch verzinkt und oliv passiviert Solenoids at actuation EB zinc galvanized EN 12329-Fe/Zn12c Housing with actuation P and PA: anodized Connection block: PSV 5(6) Mass (weight) approx. = 4.5 kg <sup>1</sup>) End plates: E1, E2, E4, E5 = 2.5 kg PSV 5(6)./.. = 7.7 kg <sup>1</sup>) E 1(4) UNF = 2.5 kg PSM 6 = 4.5 kg <sup>1</sup>) E 3, E 6 = 3.1 kg $E 1(E 4) PSL(V) 56 = 7.7 kg^{1}$ E 7 bis E 16 UNF = 3.0 kg 1) + 0.6 kg at version with WN 1 F(D), PA ... PD E 7 A 1(2), E 8 A 1(2) = 2.5 kg 4/3- and 3/3-Standard With additional functions A..C, S way directional version A...B... F(P, PH) 1(2,3) spool valves: A, E, H, P, E0A 3.7 kg 3.7 kg Actuations 4.1 kg EA, HA, PA 4.1 kg 4.1 kg 4.5 kg HEA 4.6 kg 4.6 kg 5.0 kg Intermediate ZPL 5 S/H = 5.0 kg Ancillary /(UNF) 5 = 1.5 kg/(UNF) 5 AS.. BS.. plates: ZPL 5 V/E = 5.0 kg blocks: = 2.4 kg ZPL 5 P6 R6 /(UNF) 5 AN.. BN.. = 2.3 kg= 5.9 kg ZPL 53 = 2.6 kg /5 AL... /5 BL.. = 3.4 kg ZPL 52 = 2.6 kg /5 VV(VX, XV) = 2.4 kg ZPL 55/9 = 0.7 kg /(UNF) 5 DRH = 2.3 kg ZPL 50 T.. = 2.6 kg /DFA, DFB = 2.4 kg /DEA, DEB = 2.8 kg /5 R VV = 2.4 kg Pressure fluid Hydraulic fluid acc. to DIN 51524 table 1 To 3; ISO VG 10 to 68 acc. to DIN 51519 Viscosity range: min. approx. 4; max. approx. 1500 mm<sup>2</sup>/s Optimal operation range: approx. 10...500 mm<sup>2</sup>/s Also suitable are biologically degradable pressure fluids of the type HEPG (Polyalkylenglycol) and HEES (synth. Ester) at operation temperatures up to approx. +70°C. HETG (e.g. rape seed oil) or water based fluids e.g. HFA or HFC must not be used! Ambient: approx. -40 ... +80°C ; Oil: -25 ... +80°C, pay attention to the viscosity range! Temperature Start temperature down to -40°C are allowable (Pay attention to the viscosity range during start !), as long as the operation temperature during consequent running is at least 20K higher. Biological degradable pressure fluids: Pay attention to manufacturer's information. With regard to the compatibility with sealing materials do not exceed +70°C. Observe restrictions for versions with ex-proof solenoid! ISO 4406 20/18/15 **Required cleanliness** Operating pressure p<sub>max</sub> = 400 bar; ports P, P1, A, B, LS, M, Y The max. pressure achievable at the consumer side of the spool valves is lowered by the amount equivalent internal control pressure drop at the 3-way flow regulator of the PSL (see curves "Connection block PSL" on next page) or at the pump flow regulator (PSV). Return port R(R1) $\leq$ 50 bar; port T pressureless with separate pipe (e.g. 8x1) to the tank. It is recommended to employ end plate E 1, E 2, E 3, etc. with an additional leakage port, in case higher return pressure is anticipated. Port Z approx. 20 bar (acc. to coding, see table 7) (outlet); ≤ 40 bar (inlet) Control circuit For control pressure, see Q-I-characteristics. The internal control oil circuit is sufficiently protected against malfunctions caused by contamination by means of a disk filter. Perm. flow Max. consumer flow 16...160 (240) lpm or acc. to table 15 sect. 3.2.1.

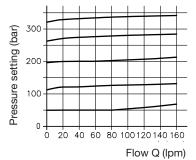
## 4.2 Curves

Pressure limiting valve

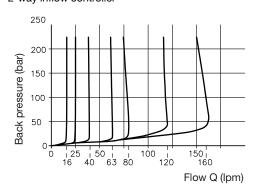
Connection block

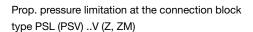


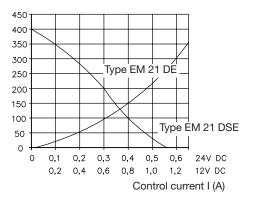




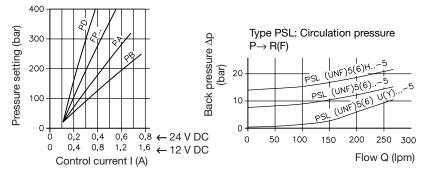
Directional spool valve section 2-way inflow controller



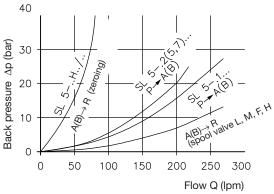




Proportional pressure limiting valve Coding PA ... PD acc. to table 9, pos. 3.1.4, sect. FP(H) 1, FP(H) 2, FP(H) 3 acc. to table 17, sect. 3.2.1

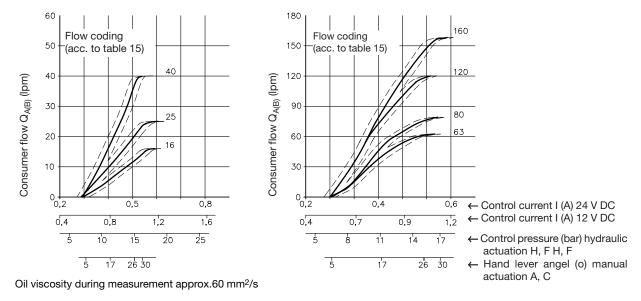


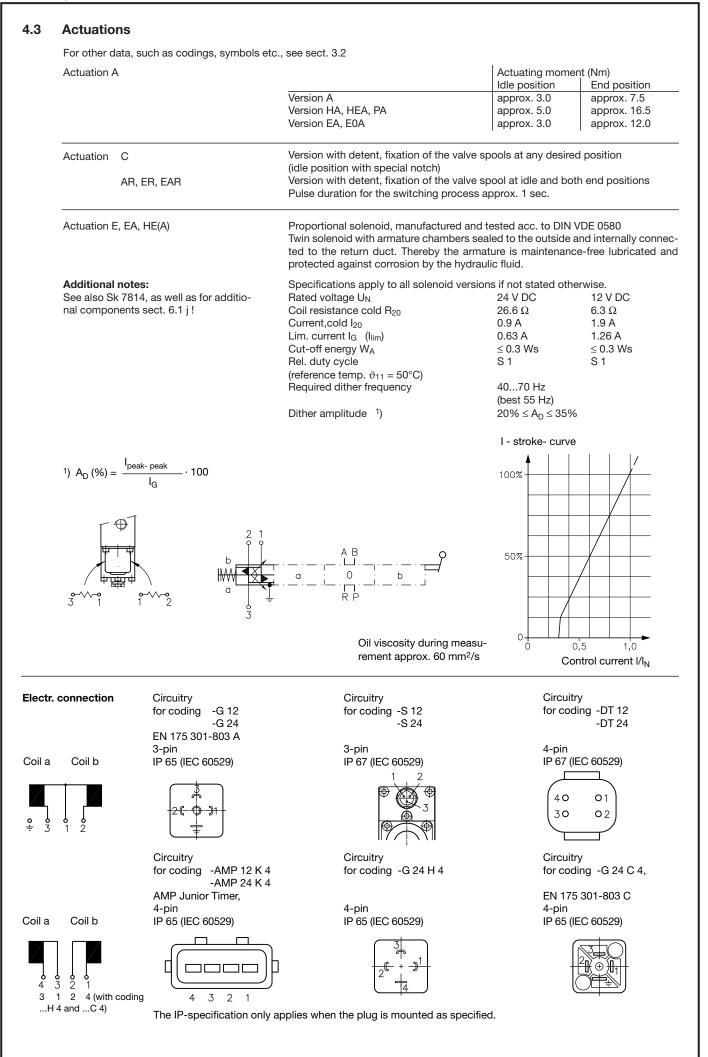
Back pressure (full elevation)



Input / consumer flow curve

(Guideline, example directional spool valve with inflow controller type SL 5-52../..)





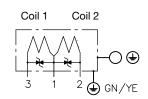
Actuation suffix E, EA, HE(A) Explosion-proof version of actuation Voltage specification G 24 EX, G 24 TEX

#### Attention:

Additionally observe operating manuals B 01/2002 and B ATEX

Protect against direct sunlight.

Not in combination with functional cut-off F(FP).. (table 17) or all other solenoids mounted on connection blocks (table 3 a and 8), ancillary blocks (table 19), intermediate plates (table 22) and end plates (table 11)



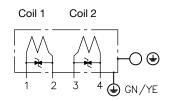
Actuation suffix E, EA, HE(A) Explosion-proof version of actuation Voltage specification G 24 EX 4, G 24 TEX 4

#### Attention:

Additionally observe operating manuals B 01/2002 and B ATEX

Protect against direct sunlight.

Not in combination with functional cut-off F(FP) ... (table 17) or all other solenoids mounted on connection blocks (table 3 a and 8), ancillary blocks (table 19), intermediate plates (table 22) and end plates (table 11)



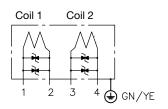
#### Actuation suffix E, EA, HE(A) Explosion-proof version of actuation (fire-damp protected (mning), intrinsic save ) Voltage specification G 24 TEX 70

#### Attention:

Additionally observe operating manuals B 09/2006 and B ATEX

Protect against direct sunlight.

Not in combination with functional cut-off F(FP).. (table 17) or all other solenoids mounted on connection blocks (table 3 and 8), ancillary blocks (table 19), intermediate plates (table 22) and end plates (table 11)



Letter of conformity ATEX Ex-proof level

Duty cycle (ED) Protection class Nom. voltage U<sub>N</sub> Coil resistance cold R<sub>20</sub> Current, cold I<sub>20</sub> Lim. current IG Residual ripple Conditions of use: Ambient temperature max. fluid temperature Fuse

#### Surface coating

Fuse

Cable length

Electrical design and testing Electrical connection Cable length

TÜV-A 02 ATEX 0007 X ☑ II 2 G Ex mb II 120°C (T4) II 2 D Ex mbD 21 T120°C S 1, one coil energized per solenoid housing IP 67 (IEC 60529) 24 V DC 26.6 Ω 0.88 A 0.63 A 15% of the supply voltage -35 ... +40°C +70°C IF < 1.8 A each solenoid must be safe guarded against overload and short-cut by fuse conforming IEC 60127 medium Housing galvanically zinc coated Coil and connection cavity are moulded conforming EN 60079, VDE 0170/0171 T 1 and T 9 4 x 0.5 mm<sup>2</sup> 3 m or 10 m (cable ÖLFLEX-440P ® Co. LAPP,

For connection scheme, see "Actuation E, EA" (standard version)

D-70565 Stuttgart)

TÜV-A 02 ATEX 0007 X Letter of conformity ATEX Ex-proof level II 2 G Ex mb II 120°C (T4) II 2 D Ex mbD 21 T120°C (Ex) Duty cycle (ED) S 1, one coil energized per solenoid housing Protection class IP 67 (IEC 60529) Nennspannung U<sub>N</sub> 24 V DC Coil resistance cold R<sub>20</sub> **26.6** Ω Nom. voltage I<sub>20</sub> 0.88 A 0.63 A Current, cold IG Residual ripple 15% of the supply voltage Conditions of use: Ambient temperature -35 ... +40°C max. fluid temperature +70°C  $I_F < 1.8$  A each solenoid must be safe guarded against overload and short-cut by fuse conforming IEC 60127 medium Surface coating Housing galvanically zinc coated Coil and connection cavity are moulded Electrical design and testing conforming EN 60079, VDE 0170/0171 T 1 and T 9 Electrical connection 4 x 0.5 mm<sup>2</sup> 3 m or 10 m (cable ÖLFLEX-440P ® Co. LAPP, D-70565 Stuttgart) For connection scheme, see "Actuation E, EA" (standard version)

Letter of Conformity IEC Letter of conformity ATEX Coding

Duty cycle (ED) Protection class Nom. voltage U<sub>N</sub> Power, cold R<sub>20</sub> Lim. current I<sub>G</sub> Residual ripple Conditions of use: Ambient temperature max. fluid temperature Fuse

#### Surface coating

Electrical design and testing Electrical connection Cable length

IEC Ex IBE 09.0005 X IBEx U07 ATEX 1089 X ⟨ II 2 G Ex d IIB T4 🐼 II 2 D Ex tD A21 T135°C S 1, one coil energized per solenoid housing IP 67 (IEC 60529) 24 V DC **80 Ω** 0.24 A 15% of the supply voltage -20 ... +70°C +70°C

 $I_{\rm F}$  < 0.5 A each solenoid must be safe guarded against overload and short-cut by fuse conforming IEC 60127 medium Housing galvanically zinc coated Coil and connection cavity are moulded conforming EN 60079, VDE 0170/0171 T 1 and T 9 4+1 x 0.5 mm<sup>2</sup> 3 m or 10 m (cable ÖLFLEX-440P ® Co. LAPP, D-70565 Stuttgart)

Attention:

Coil 1

Actuation suffix E, EA, HE(A) IEC Ex IBE 09.0006 X Letter of Conformity IEC Explosion-proof version of actuation Letter of conformity ATEX IBEx U05 ATEX 1116 X (fire-damp protected (mining), intrinsic save ) Ex-proof level ⟨€x⟩ I M1 Ex d ia I Voltage specification G 12 IS 🐼 I M2 Ex d ib I S 1, one coil energized per solenoid housing Duty cycle (ED) IP 67 (IEC 60529) Protection class Additionally observe operating manuals Nom. voltage U<sub>N</sub> 12V DC B 04/2005 and B ATEX I, 1.7 A Lim. current I<sub>G</sub> 0.4 A Not in combination with functional cut-off F(FP).. Power, cold R<sub>20</sub> 22 Ω (table 17) or all other solenoids mounted on Conditions of use: connection blocks (table 3 a and 8), ancillary Ambient temperature -20 ... +40°C blocks (table 19), intermediate plates (table 22) max. fluid temperature +70°C and end plates (table 11) Surface coating Housing galvanically zinc coated Coil and connection cavity are moulded Coil 2 Electrical design and testing conforming EN 60079-0 (general requests), EN 60079-25 (intrinsic save "i"), EN 60079-1 (pressure resistant encapsulation "d") D H Electrical connection 4 x 0.5 mm<sup>2</sup> Cable length 3 m or 10 m (cable ÖLFLEX-EB ® Co. LAPP, Ю D-70565 Stuttgart) Coded leads: 1-4, Ю insulation color: fair blue) The complete circuit has to be designed and get approved acc. to EN 60079-25. 23 11

Note: Due to the utilized clamp diodes at the pulsed prop. amplifier PWM it is not possible to measure the coil current during operation. Readings will usually be too low and are additionally dependent on the supply voltage and the coil resistance.

MSHA-approval (USA) 18-NXA 05 0003-0 MA-approval (China) J2007101 Letter of Conformity IEC IEC Ex IBE 09.0004 X Letter of conformity ATEX IBEx U05 ATEX 1115 X Ex-proof level 🐼 I M2 Ex d I Duty cycle (ED) S 1, one coil energized per solenoid housing Protection class IP 67 (IEC 60529) Nom. voltage U<sub>N</sub> 24V DC Coil resistance cold R<sub>20</sub> 26.6 Ω Lim. current IG 0.63 A Current, cold I<sub>20</sub> 0.9 A Conditions of use: -20 ... +40°C Ambient temperature +70°C max. fluid temperature  $I = max. 3x I_G$  each solenoid must be safe guarded Fuse against overload and short-cut by fuse conforming IEC 60127-2 UL 248 Surface coating Housing galvanically zinc coated Coil and connection cavity are moulded Electrical design and testing conf. EN 60079-0 (general requests), EN 60079-1 pressure resistant encapsulation "d") Electrical connection 4 x 18 AWG (approx. 0.8 mm<sup>2</sup>) Cable length 3 m or 10 m BK, WH, RD, GN; Item-Nr. 40003, General Cable Leads Letter of conformity ATEX IBEx U05 ATEX 1115 X Letter of conformity ANZEx ANZEx 10.3019X Electrical connection 4 x 0.75mm<sup>2</sup>, shielded cable For add. specifications see coding G 24 MSHA

Control pressure approx. 5 bar (start of stroke)

approx.18 bar (End position), max. perm. pressure 50 bar The remote control lines to the control port 1 and 2 have to be piped externally. Supply is via proportional piloting valve e.g. type FB 2/18 etc. or KFB 2/18 (both acc. to D 6600).

Control pressure approx. 2.5 bar (start of stroke); approx. 7 bar (full elevation)

Actuation suffix H, HA, HEA

Actuation suffix P, PA

WH BK RD (Ŧ) GN

Attention: Take polarity into account!

Explosion-proof version of actuation

Additionally observe operating manuals

Not in combination with functional cut-off F(FP)..

(table 17) or all other solenoids mounted on

connection blocks (table 3 a and 8), ancillary

blocks (table 19), intermediate plates (table 22)

Actuation suffix E, EA, HE(A)

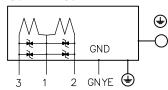
(fire-damp protected (mining)) Voltage specification G 24 MSHA

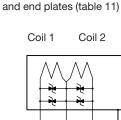
B 05/2006 and B ATEX

Attention:

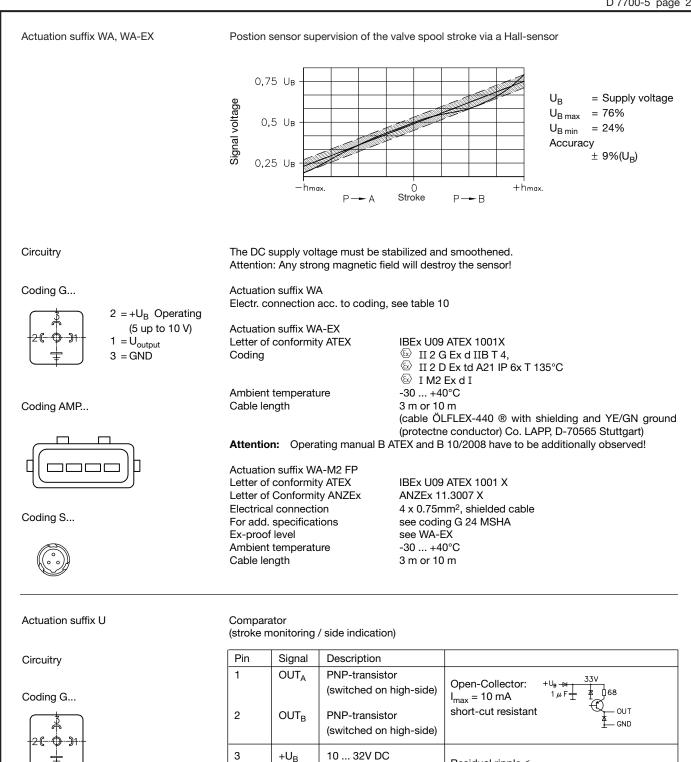
Actuation suffix E, EA, HE(A) Explosion-proof version of actuation (fire-damp protected (mining)) Voltage specification G 24 M2 FP

> Coil 1 Coil 2

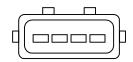




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Coding AMP...



Electr. connection acc. to coding, see table 10

0 VDC

4/GND

GND

Residual ripple ≤

10%

	Signal table			
ldent. No.	Spool movement	OUT <sub>A</sub>	OUT <sub>B</sub>	
1	Idle position middle	ON	ON	
2	$P\toB$	OFF	ON	
3	$P\toA$	ON	OFF	

#### 4.4 Functional cut-off, prop. pressure limitation

Functional cut-off	On/Off solenoid with manual emergency actuation				
	Rated voltage U <sub>N</sub>	24 V DC	12 V DC	11	
	Coil resistance R <sub>20</sub>	34.8 Ω	8.7 Ω	出	
	Current, cold I <sub>20</sub>	0.69 A	1.38 A	Щ.тт	
	Rated current I70	0.48 A	0.97 A		
	Cut-off energy W <sub>A</sub>	≤ 0.3 Ws	≤ 0.3 Ws		
	Rel. duty cycle <sup>1</sup> )	S 1	S 1	3 1 1	
	(reference temp. $\vartheta 11 = 50^{\circ}$ C)			(PB) (P)	
	Electr. connection	EN 175 301	-803 A		
	Protection class (assembled)	IP 65 (IEC 6	60529)		
	Circuitry	Coil b Co	il a		

Note: The duty cycle refers to one coil only of each twin solenoid. The perm. duty cycle is only 50%, when both coils are energized simultaneously

#### 4.5 Other solenoid valves

Electrical data	<ul> <li>Connection blocks coding Z, ZM, V</li> <li>Ancillary blocks coding /5 R VV</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>Connection blocks coding F, D</li> <li>Add-on intermediate plates coding ZPL 5 V(S)/E</li> <li>End plates coding E 3, E 6</li> </ul>		- Connection blocks coding PA, PB, PD	
Additional documentation	D 7490/1, D 74	90/1 E (type EM)	D 7470 A/1 (typ	oe WN 1, WH 1)		
Nom. voltage U <sub>N</sub>	24 V DC	12 V DC	24 V DC	12 V DC	24 V DC	12 V DC
Nom. power P <sub>N</sub>	21 W	21 W	24.4 W	24.4 W	21 W	21 W
Nom. current I <sub>N</sub>	0.63 A	1.2 A	1 A	2 A	0.63 A	1.26 A

	<ul> <li>Ancillary blocks coding /5 VV(VX, XV), /UNF 5 VV (VX, XV), /5 DEA(DEB)</li> </ul>	
Additional documentation	D 7490/1 (type EM 4)	
Nom. voltage U <sub>N</sub>	24 V DC	12 V DC
Nom. power P <sub>N</sub>	30 W	30 W
Nom. current I <sub>N</sub>	1.25 A	2.5 A

## Electrical connection

Circuitry with coding -S 24 Plug Co. SCHLEMMER	Circuitry with coding -AMP 24 AMP Junior Timer	Circuitry with coding PA, PB, PD -G 12, -G 24
type SL-10		-X 12, -X 24
	2-pin	Slim design industrial
IP 67 (IEC 60529)	IP 65 (IEC 60529)	standard contact clearance 11 mm
	with coding -S 24 Plug Co. SCHLEMMER type SL-10	with coding -S 24 with coding -AMP 24 Plug Co. SCHLEMMER AMP Junior Timer type SL-10 2-pin







IP 65 (IEC 60529)

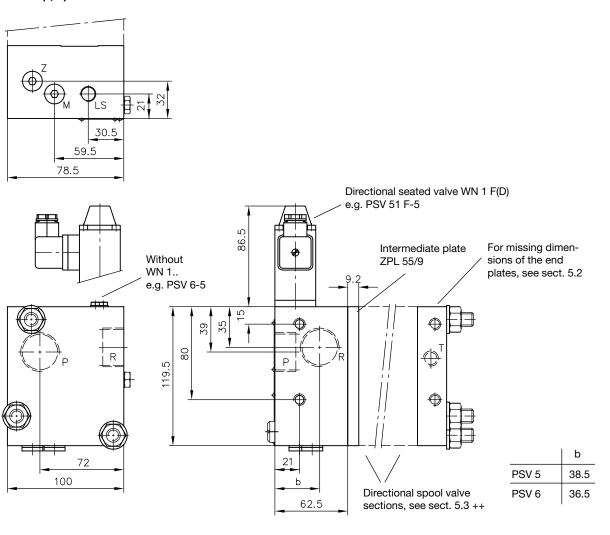


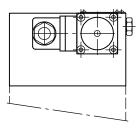
## 5. Unit d imensions

All dimensions are in mm and are subject to change without notice!

## 5.1 Connection blocks and end plates

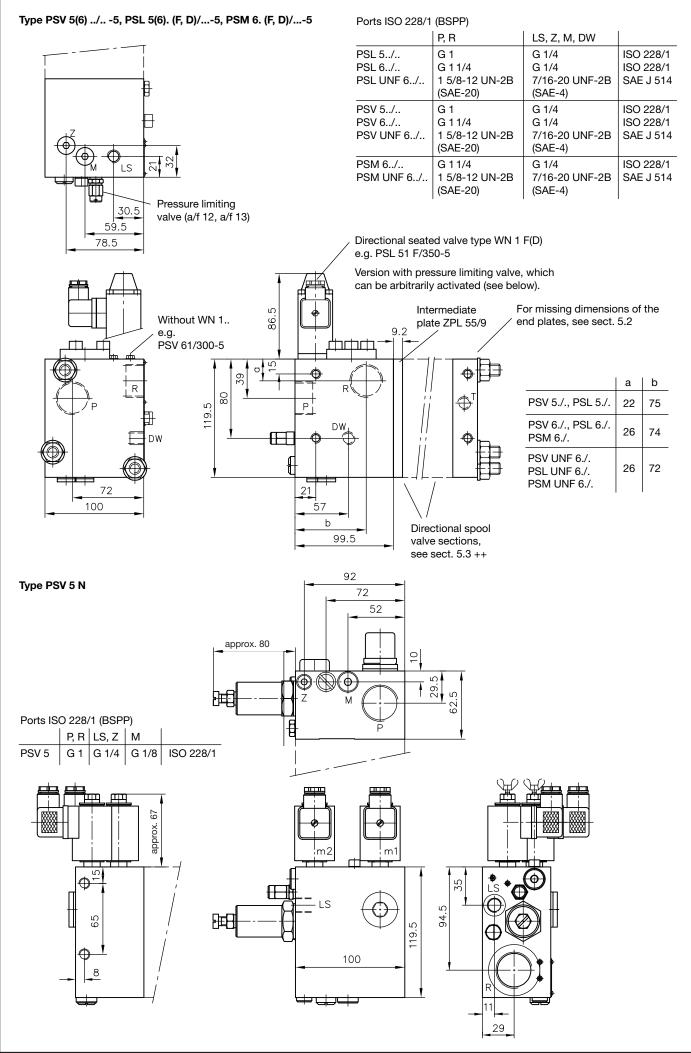
Type PSV 5. (F, D)-5 PSV 6. (F, D)-5

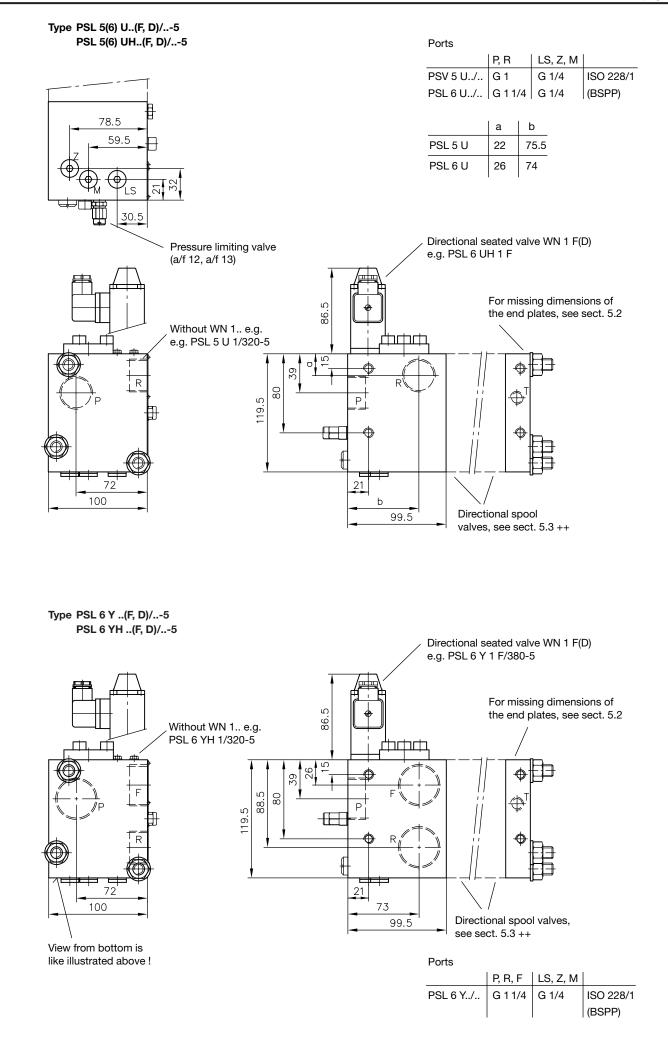




Ports

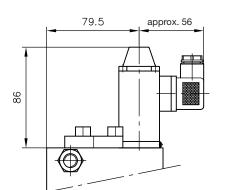
	Р	R	LS, Z, M	
PSV 5	G 1	G 1	G 1/4	ISO 228/1
PSV 6	G 1 1/4	G 1 1/4	G 1/4	(BSPP)
PSV UNF 6	1 5/8-12 (SAE-20)		7/16-20 UNF-2B (SAE-4)	SAE J 514

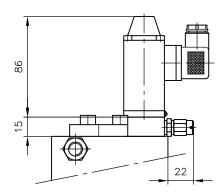




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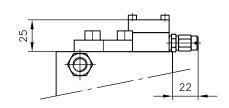
Type PSL.. F(D)/... PSV.. F(D) PSV.. F(D)/...

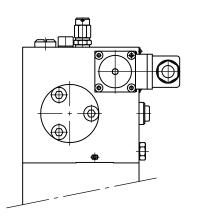




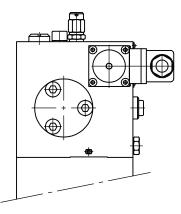
Type PSL.. F(D).../... PSV.. F(D).../...

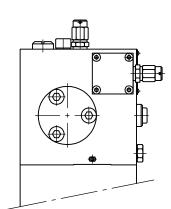
Type PSV.. X..



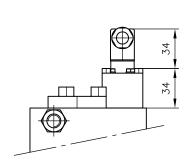


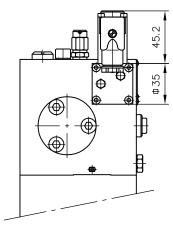
Type PSL.. PA(PB, PD)/... PSV.. PA(PB, PD)

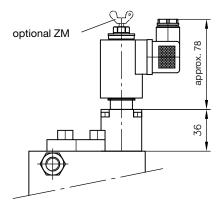


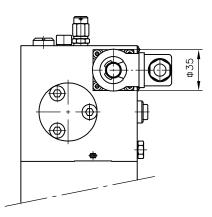


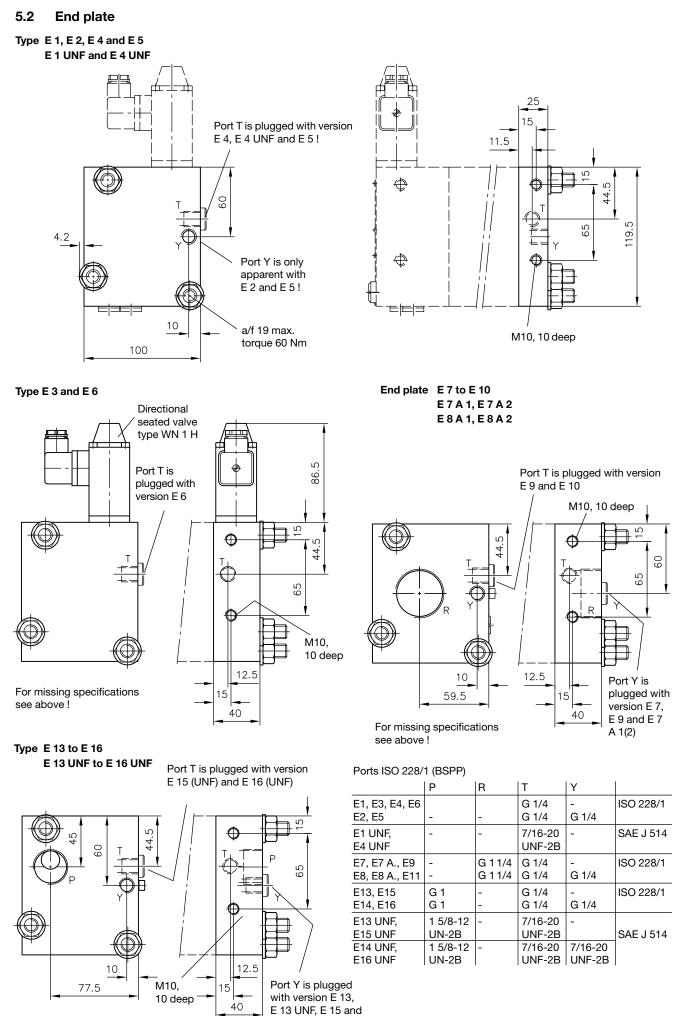
Type PSL.. Z(V).../... PSV.. Z(V).../...





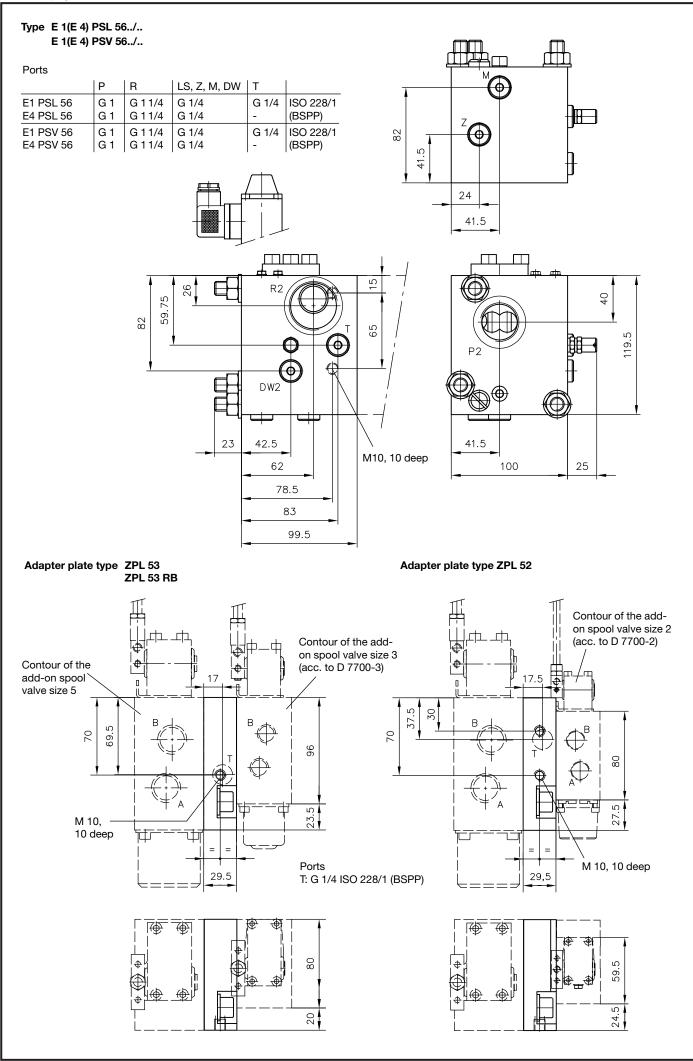


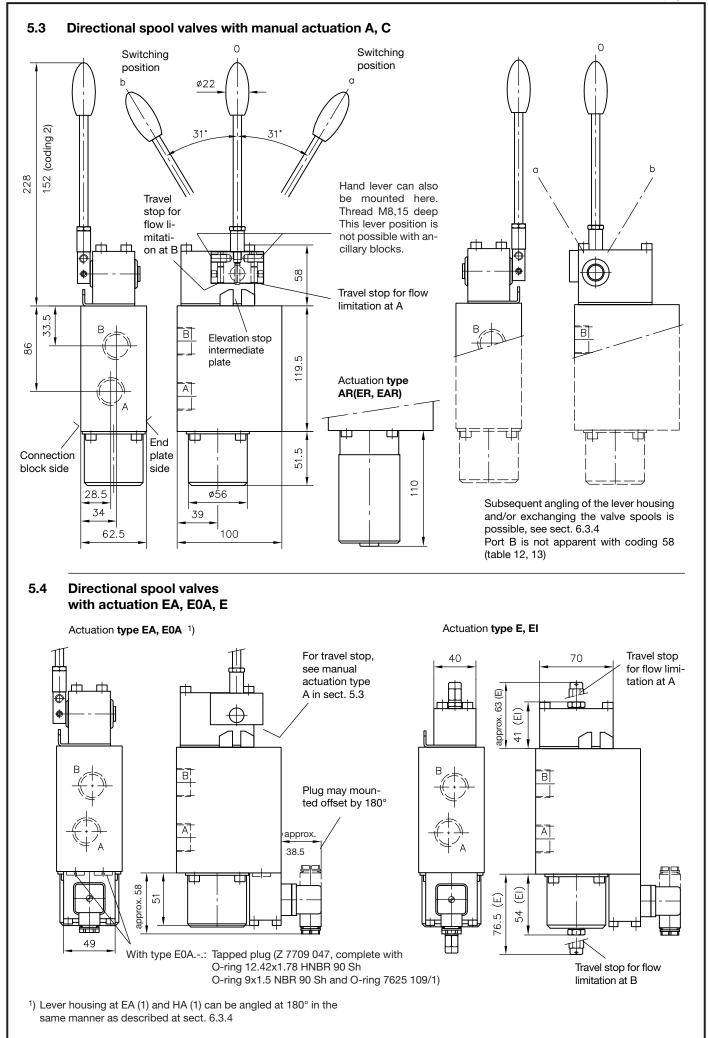


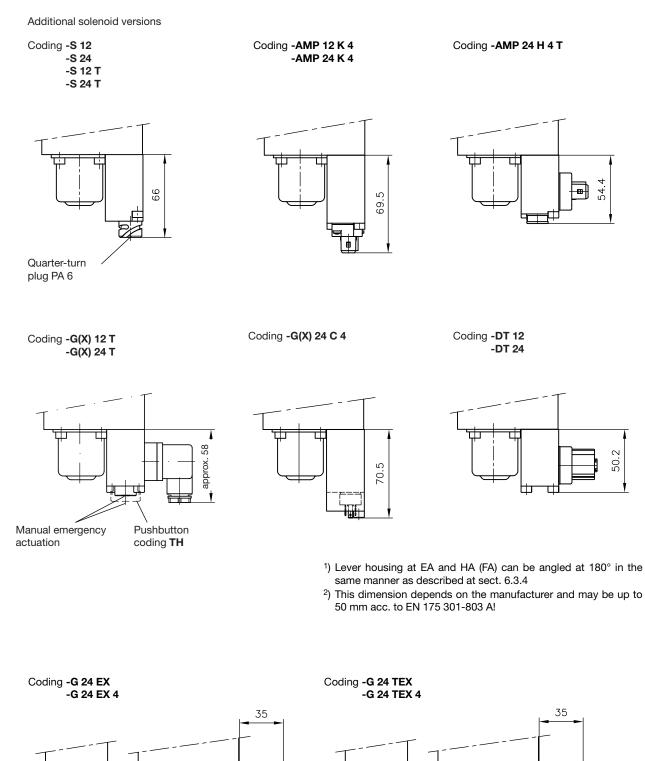


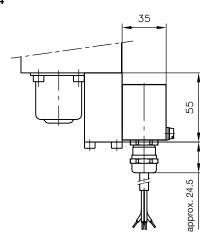
E 15 UNF

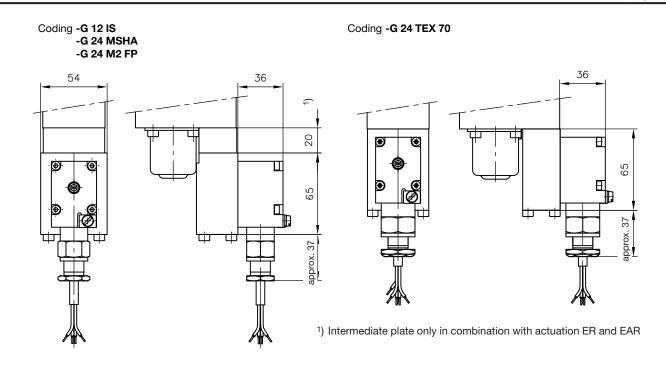
For missing dimensions see above !





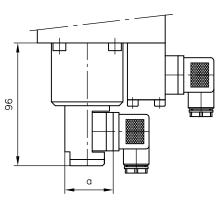






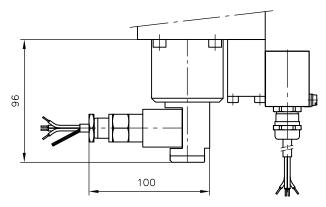
## 5.5 Lift monitoring

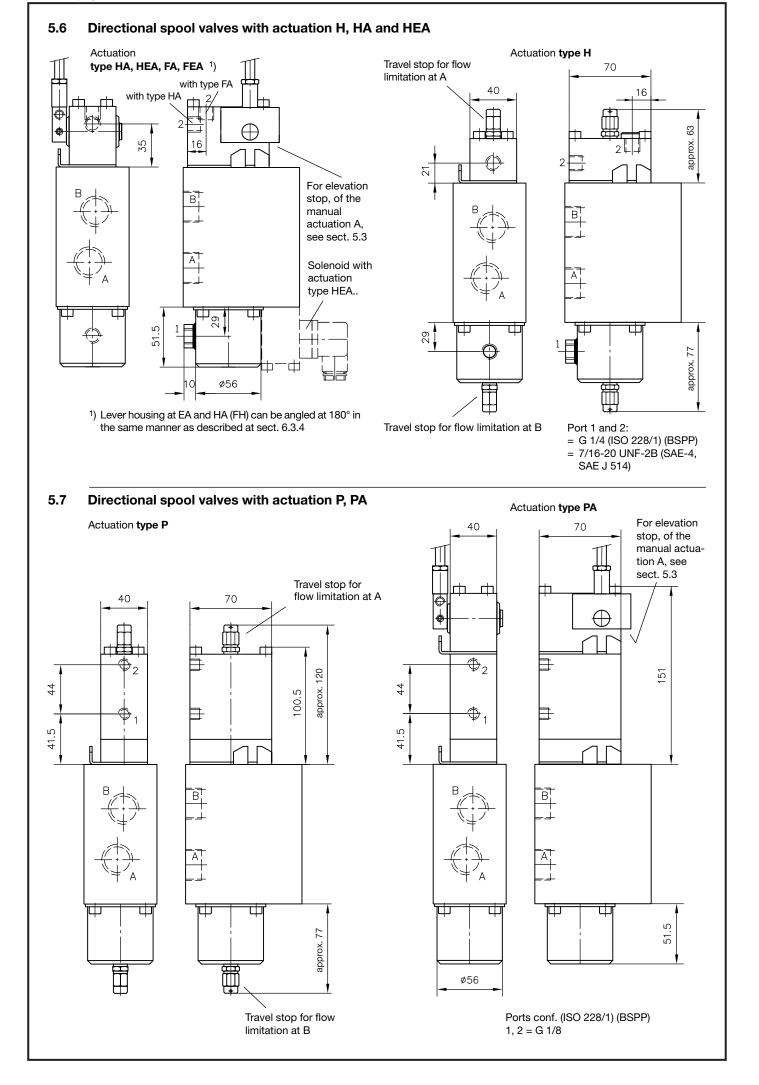
Type WA, U



Туре	а
WA	36.4
U	49.5





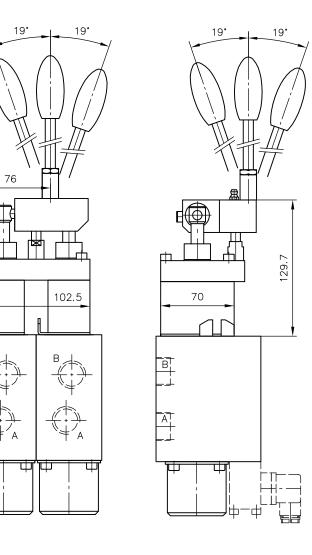


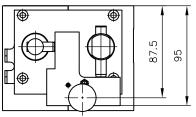
## 5.8 Mechanical 2-axis joy-stick

h

E

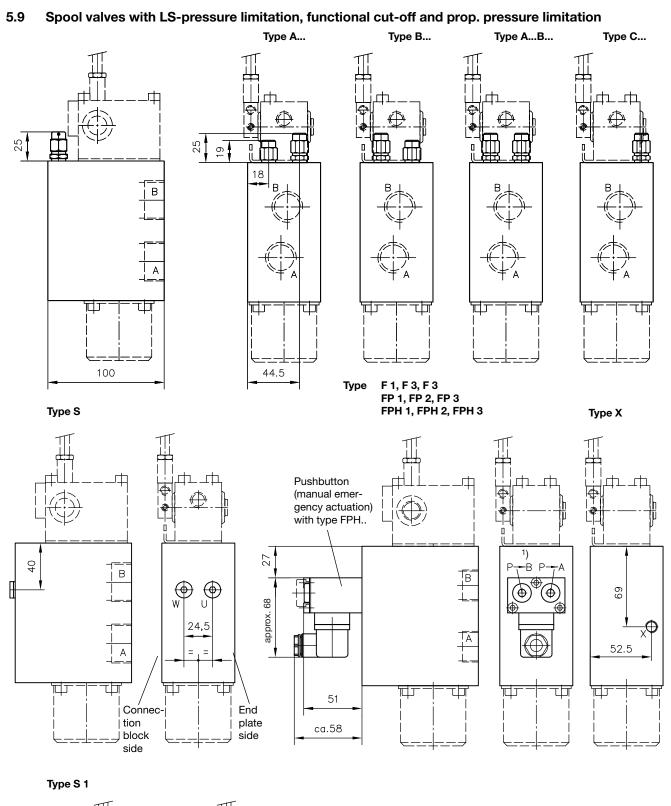
ф

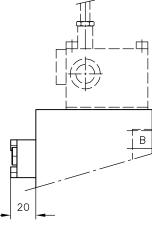


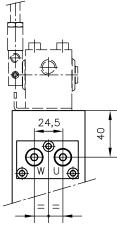




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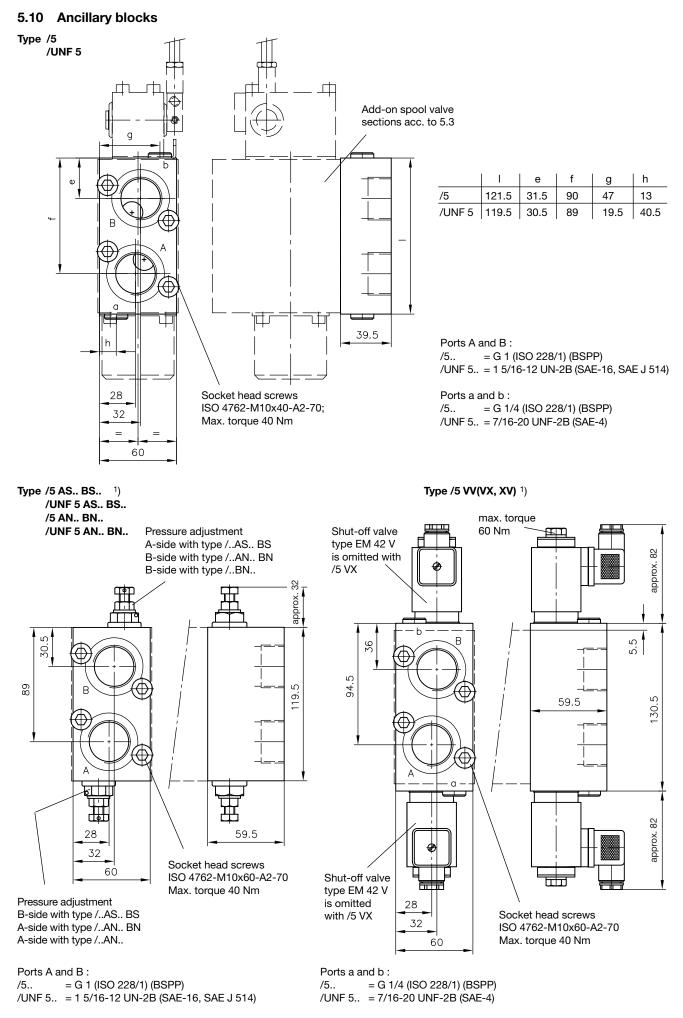




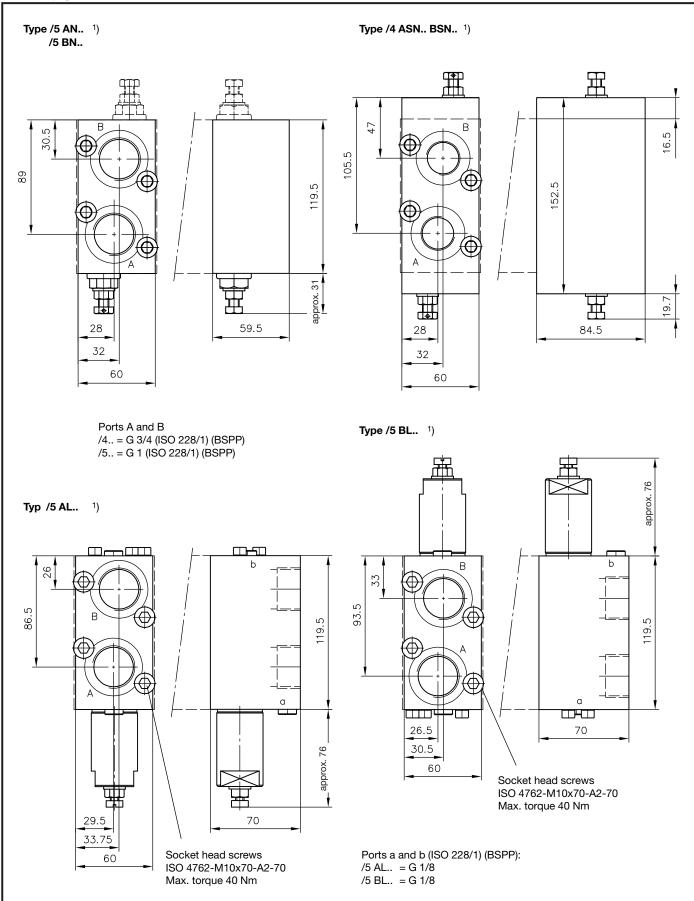
Ports conf. ISO 228/1 (BSPP): U, W and X = G 1/8

For missing data (directional spool valves and actuations) see section 5.3 to 5.6!

1) Manual emergency actuation



1) Note: Not all lever positions are possible.



1) Note: Not all lever positions are possible.

119.5

79.5

## Continuation section 5.8. ancillary blocks

## **Type /54 DFA** 1)

## **Type /54 DFB** 1)

B

30

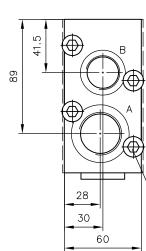
32

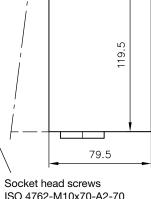
60

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30.

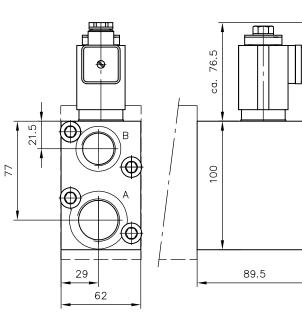
78



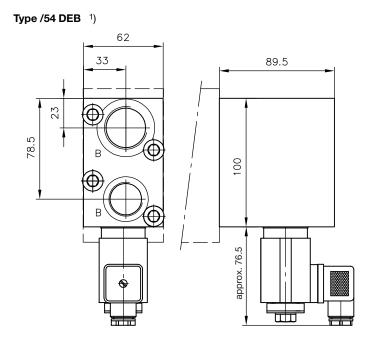


ISO 4762-M10x70-A2-70 Max. torque 40 Nm

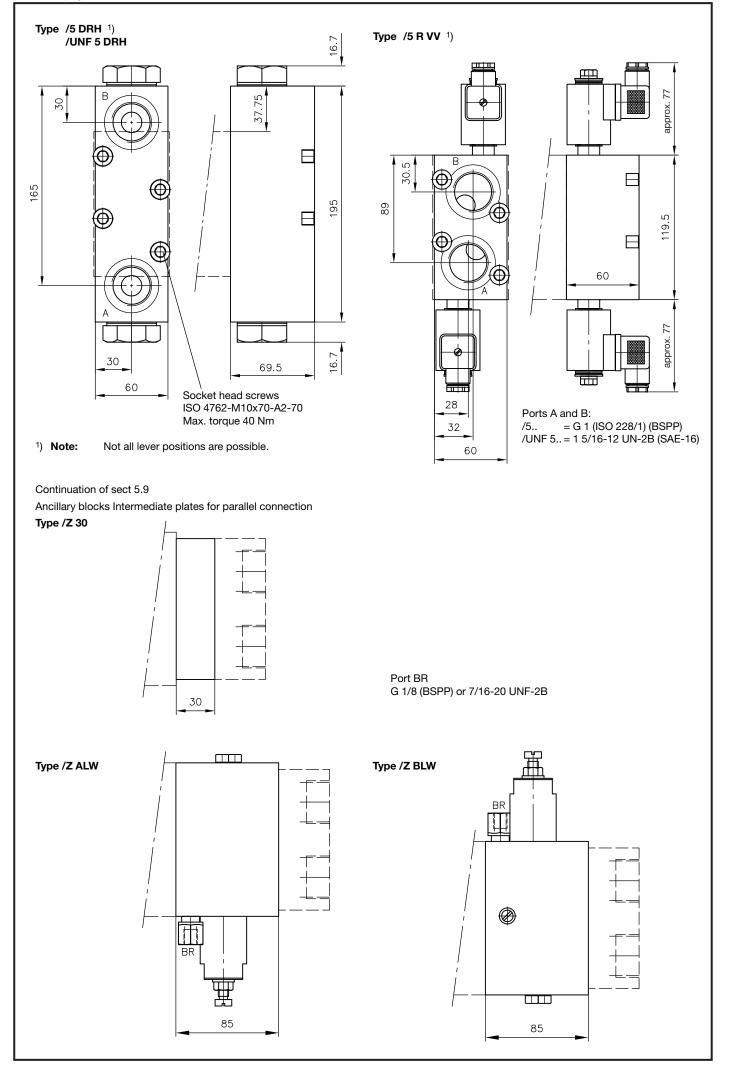
**Type /54 DEA** <sup>1</sup>)

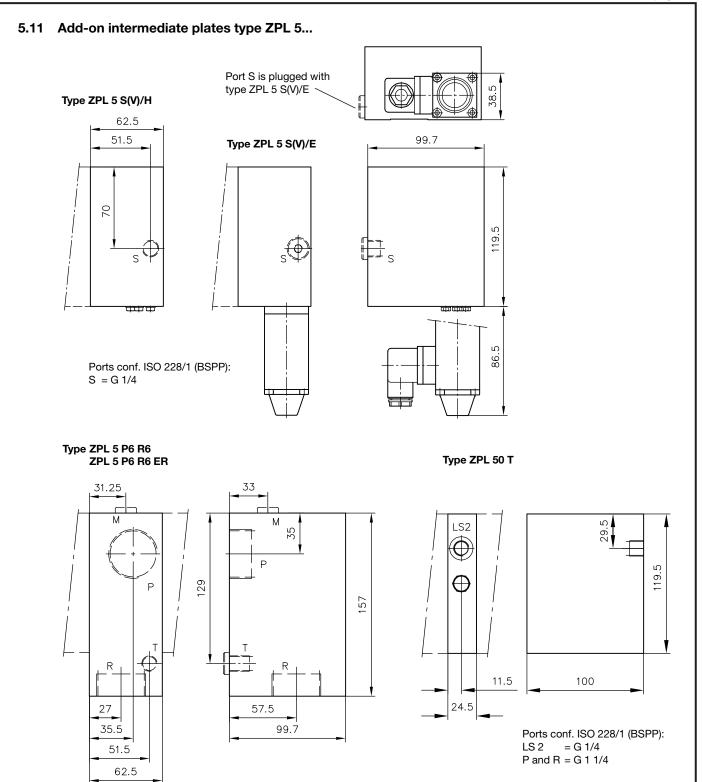


<sup>1</sup>) **Note:** Not all lever positions are possible.



Ports A and B conf. (ISO 228/1) (BSPP) /4.. = G 3/4 /5.. = G 1





## 6. Appendix

## 6.1 Notes for selection and lay-out of

#### a) The connection block

There are additional damping variations available for the LS-signal duct listed in table 2 (apart from the standard versions acc. to sect. 3.1.1). These are required, if strong (load-) oscillations are externally induced on the control circuit. However, a general rule concerning the use of the one or the other variation can not be given. Both versions may be retrofitted any time.

#### To coding U (or UH)

The pump idle circulation pressure is reduced by means of an additional by-pass valve, if all directional spool valves are in idle position (see also curves in sect. 4.2). The valve opens automatically if the occurring load pressure (LS pressure) drops below 25% of the (still remaining) pump pressure.

Attention: A minimum pump delivery flow of approx. 150 lpm must be maintained for electro-hydraulic actuation with internal control oil supply. The control pressure (△ pump circulation pressure) is not sufficient for elevating the spool at lower delivery flows.

#### To coding Y and YH

Additional, pressure resistant port F for the excess oil from the 3-way flow controller. This enables to control separately located consumers by making use of the excess delivery flow not consumed by the prop. directional spool valve bank.

It is important that the pressure induced via port F is minimum 15 bar lower than the load pressure applied to the 3-way flow controller of the first valve bank, if a consumer connected to this valve bank is simultaneously operated. Otherwise the LS control system will fail, and the excess flow might be forced via the main pressure limiting valve.

#### To coding G

This version lacks the sequence valve at the damping element which is apparent at the standard version to enable quick depressurization down to the pre-load pressure during idle position of the valve spool. This results in a stronger damping effect than with the standard version, as all fluid from the spring cavity of the 3-way flow controller must pass the thread type throttle. Main application is with consumers prone to low-frequent oscillations - drawback is the delayed depressurization down to the pre-load pressure during idle position of the valve spool (prolonged run-down).

#### To coding H

When on account of the required consumer velocity at least one spool valve with reference number 5 (raised circulation pressure) is utilized, then, in order to maintain the necessary pressure difference between 2- and 3-way flow controller, the circulation pressure of the 3-way flow controller must be raised to approx. 14 bar. This means, of course, greater power dissipation.

#### To coding Z, ZM, V and PA, PB, PD (see table 8)

When using these valves for an emergency stop function, it has to be taken into account that there will be a certain min. residual pressure during pushing load while a valve spool is elevated!

Dampening screw acc. to table 2 and 5	Residual pressure at load induced pressure of	
Coding		
S, G, W, B	125	150
B 4	60	70
B 5	75	80
B 6	85	95
B 7	100	120

Viscosity ≦ 60 mm<sup>2</sup>/s

#### b) Spool valve sections

To coding 1 (example SL 5-51 L 120/63...)

On the one hand, there is a higher consumer flow with directional spool valves without an inflow controller (coding 1) in comparison with one having a 2-way flow controller (coding 2, 5), as the flow is then directly dependent on the control pressure of either the connection block's 3-way flow controller (type PSL approx. 10 bar), or the metering valve of a variable displacement pump (approx. 14 to 20 bar) for type PSV. On the other hand, the loadindependence is lost, if several consumers are actuated simultaneously, because the consumer with the highest load pressure rules the pressure level of the LS-signal given to the 3-way flow controller and therefore defines the available flow in the system. As soon as another valve with higher load pressure is actuated now, the flow for the first consumer can only be regulated by throttling, i.e. if the highest load pressure varies, the spool elevation (= throttling) of the first valve section has to be reset to maintain a constant delivery flow to the consumer. This consumer flow can be calculated approximately by:

 $Q_{A, B} \approx Q_{nom} \cdot \sqrt{0.2 \cdot \Delta p_{controller}}$ 

#### To coding 2 (example SL 5-52 0 63/63...)

The standard version of the spool valve section is load compensated and is equipped with an inflow controller (coding 2). Due to the control pressure of the inflow controller (approx. 6 bar), it regulates a constant flow related only to the spool elevation (groove edges at the spool act like a metering orifice), making its delivery independent of other consumers or system pressure:  $Q = 2^{-1} dx$ 

 $Q \approx \sqrt{\Delta p_{controller}} \cdot A_{valve spool}$ 

#### To coding 5 (example SL 5-A 5 H 160/160...)

This version features an increased control pressure enabling higher consumer flows (see also above coding 1 and 2). The pressure of this flow controller (coding 5) is approx. 10 bar resulting in a 1.3 higher flow when compared to the standard version (coding 2).

#### To coding 7 (example SL 5-A 7 H 160/160)

Like coding 5. To be used only together with variable displacement with connection block type PSV and variable displacement pump / constant pressure system because of the necessary pressure drop.

#### To coding R 2, R 5 and R 7

Beside its control function the flow controller acts also as a check valve. Thus preventing a possible flow reversal in case of insufficient supply from the pump.

#### To coding 8, 81, 82 (example SL 5-58 L 120/160...)

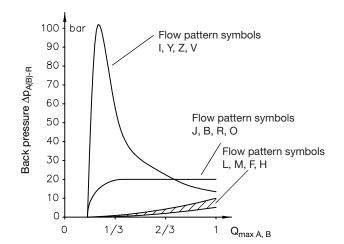
To ensure max. flow for all subsequent valve sections, the highest flow rating (.../160) must be selected for the B side (continuation of P).

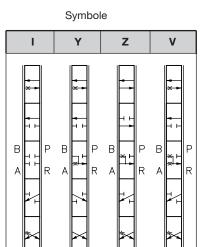
## c) Flow-pattern variations

## Flow-pattern symbol J, B, R, O and I, Y, Z, V

Oscillations may occur depending on application during start (e.g. winches) or during normal operation (e.g. crane booms). They can be caused by the natural frequency of the hydraulic motors or external load variations e.g. swinging load. The flow coding (table 15) of the respective spool should correspond to the cylinder ratio as far as possible

Symbol	Description	Application
J, B, R, O	Creation of a back pressure $\Delta p_{A(B)-R}$ of approx. 20 bar at 1/3 spool lift and more.	When combined with over-center valves e.g. for boom controls
I, Y, Z, V	Creation of a back pressure $\Delta p_{A(B)-R}$ of approx. 100 bar for up to 1/3 spool lift.	Hydraulic motors (be- cause of pressure rise due to area ratio 1:1), e.g. with cabin slewing





Available versions:

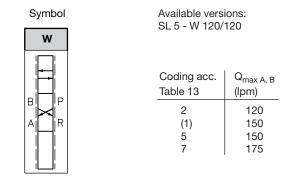
SL	5 -	I 25/25 I 120/120 I 140/140 I 160/160
	_	1160/160

SL 5 - Y 150/150

- SL 5 Z 80/80
- SL 5 V 25/25 V 120/120 V 140/140

### Flow pattern symbol W

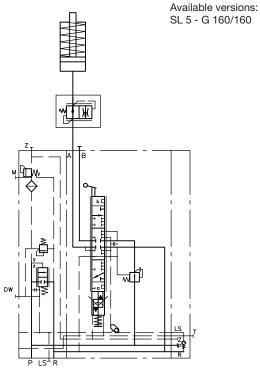
This 4/2-way directional spool valve is intended for applications where a constant velocity is required e.g. blower or generator drives. The ability of prop. speed control is restricted, but load independency is ensured via the inflow controller (table 13).



#### Flow pattern symbol G

3-position 3-way-spool for single acting cylinder Restrictions:

- No LS-Signal while lowering
- Therefore only usable at open center systems (type PSL) and electric actuation with restrictions idle pump circulation pressure approx. 11 bar
- The lowering function is just a throttle valve function (load dependent lowering speed). The system needs to be protected by a separate flow control valve (to limit the max. speed e.g. with type SB acc. to D 6920).



#### d) Variations for special operation conditions or -requirements Operation at potentially explosive areas

Electro-hydraulic actuation (type E or EA) version G 24 EX..., see sect. 3.1.4 table 10 and sect. 4.3

#### Maritime ambient climate

The aggressive sea atmosphere requires sufficient corrosion protection of all moving part of the actuations with hand lever. The actuation shaft in the hand lever housing is therefore made of stainless steel as standard. All other parts are either corrosion inhibiting gas nitrided or made of stainless steel.

Exception: Housing of pneumatic actuation P or PA which is made of anodized light alloy.

#### Pressure surges in the return line

Minor leakage may appear at the spring domes of actuations when excessive pressure peaks do occur in the return line (during rapid on/off of consumers). This can be prevented by use of enforcement flanges (suffix G acc. to table 21 in sect. 3.2.1).

**Note:** The perm. pressure in the return line is limited to approx. 50 bar (see sect. 4.1). The functionality of the actuation solenoids could be harmed in case of excessive pressure.

#### e) Use of variable displacement pumps

Load-sensing controls in alliance with variable displacement pumps, the LS-signal duct for the pump pressure-flow controller (Load-Sensing metering valve) is relieved, to minimize circulation losses during idle position (no consumer flow). This limiting takes place via the proportional spool valves. Without this decompression the pump would have to work during no-lift position with all the remaining flow against the pressure set at the safety valve of the pressure regulator.

As there exist spool valves without this limiting possibility, some brands of pressure-flow controllers have a internal bypass orifice or throttle between LS-signal entrance and decompressed leakage outlet.

In case of the prop. spool valves type PSV this is not necessary and can even cause malfunctions due to lost control oil. The control oil flow is for functional reasons consciously limited (approx. 2 lpm) (slow-motion of the consumer).

Note: Care must therefore be taken, to ensure that a possible bypass orifice in the pressure-flow regulator is plugged!

### f) Combination with load-holding valves

It can happen due to exterior variations of load and resonance that the control system starts to oscillate, if three regulation devices, the 3-way flow controller in the pump or the connection block, the 2-way flow controller at the spool valve section plus load holding insert are connected in series. This can be effectively suppressed by systematic use of a bypass orifice and throttle-, check-, preload valve combination within the control oil circuit at the loadholding valve type LHDV acc. to D 7770. A similar behavior can be achieved with use of the over-center valves type LHT acc. to D 7918.

#### g) Combination of more than 10 spool valves

A total of max. 10 spool valves can be linked, via a consecutive connection of the LS-signal duct. It is irrelevant, whether the spool valves are arranged in one or more valve banks. This restriction is caused by the limited oil flow being available (ensuring slow-motion movements). A chaining via external shuttle valves is to be used, if more than 10 spool valves in separated directional spool valve banks are to be coupled via the LS-signal.

#### h) Mechanical 2-axis joy-stick

Two neighboring valve sections (functions) can be simultaneously actuated via hand lever Order coding: PSL 51/250 - 5

PSL 51/250 - 5	
- 52 L 160/80/K	joint
- 52 H 80/63/K	actuation
- 52 L 120/63/A-E 1	

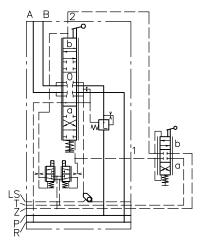
(It is possible to combine this mechanical 2-axis joy-stick with electro.-hydraulic actuation)

#### i) Indications of actuation HEA

The following notes to the connection of the valve bank have to be observed to ensure a flawless function of the electric and hydraulic actuation.

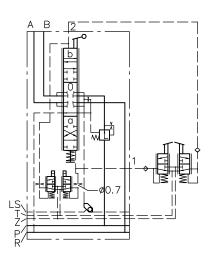
# Combination with hydraulic control devices like type FB and KFB acc. to D 6600 and D 6600-01

These control devices can be directly connected, due to their function and low inner leakage.



#### Combination with common hydraulic joy-sticks

The pressure reducing valves integrated in the joy-sticks open the consumer line to the tank during idle position. The control oil flow would escape via this bypass when a valve is simultaneously solenoid actuated. Therefore it is a must to provide check valves for the control lines at this kind of circuitry. The same applies to hydraulic actuation. The used throttles however limit the bypass leakage. The control oil supply must be dimensioned so that this leakage can be compensated (> 0.7 Ipm per actuated valve section plus the internal leakage of the hydraulic joy-stick).



#### j) Recommended optional components For electro-hydraulic actuations

1. Plugs	MSD 3-309 SVS 296107	(standard, is scope of delivery) Plug with LED's for functional Cut- off acc. to sect. 3.2 table 17 (For	
		more details, see D 7163)	
2. Electric amplifier		EV 22 K2-12(24) acc. to D 7817/1	
		One card can control two directio-	
		nal valves (including board holder).	
3. Electric amplifier		EV 1 M2 acc. to D 7831/1	
		EV 1 D acc. to D 7831 D	
		A remote control joy-stick with	
		direction switches is required ad-	
		ditionally (see detailed information	
		in D 7831/1 sect. 5.2).	
4. Logic valve control type PLVC acc. to D 7845 ++			
5. Joy-stick type EJ 1, EJ 2 and EJ 3 acc. to D 7844			

6. Radio controls are accepted, if they fulfill the requirements of SK 7814.

(Approved brands:

Co. HBC-ELEKTRONIK in D-74564 Crailsheim;

Co. HETRONIK Steuer-Systeme in D-84085 Langquaid;

- Co. NBB-Nachrichtentechnik in D-75248 Ölbronn-Dürrn; Co. SCANRECO Industrieelektronik AB, Box 19144,
- S-5227 Södertälje, Schweden)

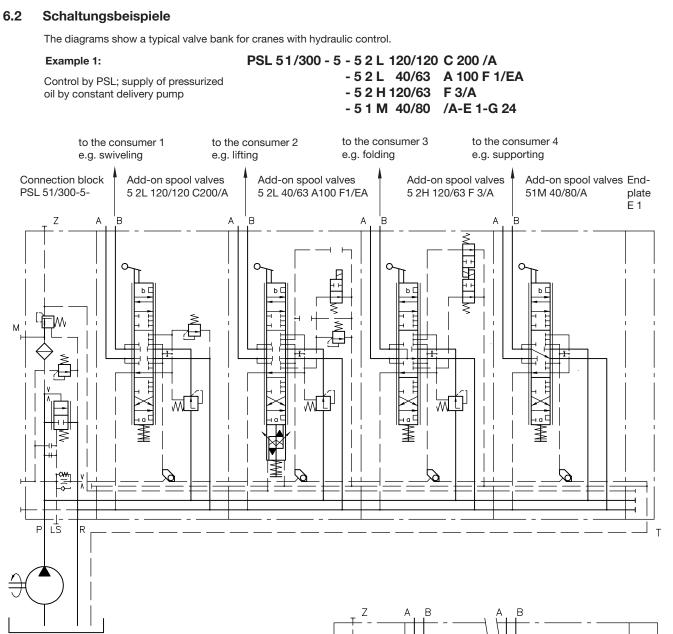
#### Load-holding valves

Load-holding valves type LHT acc. to D 7918 or type LHDV acc. to D 7770 and note sect. 6.1 f, type LHK acc. to D 7100 only with "very stiff" systems and directional spool valves without inflow controller (coding 1 acc. to table 15, sect. 3.2.1)

#### Other valves

Proportional spool valve type PSL(V) size 2 acc. to D 7700-2 (can be combined via intermediate plate ZPL 32 with size 5) Proportional spool valve type PSL(V) size 3 acc. to D 7700-3 (can be combined via intermediate plate ZPL 53 with size 5) Proportional spool valve type PSL(V)F size 3 and 5 acc. to D 7700-F (manifold mounting spool valves) Proportional pressure reducing valve type PMZ acc. to D 7625

Hydraulic joy-stick type KFB01 acc. to D 6600-01

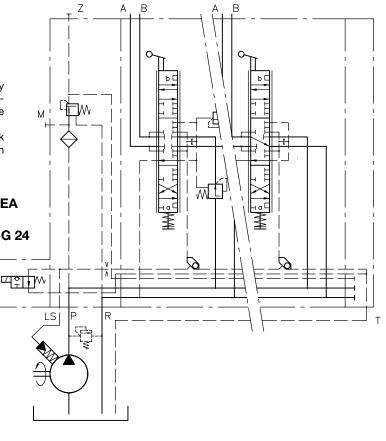


#### Example 2:

ExampleControl by PSV; Pressurized oil supply by variable displacement pump without pressure limiting valve, but with solenoid valve for arbitrary idle pump circulation.

Only difference to example 1 is the connection block with similar versions and arrangement of the add-on valves.

PSV 51 F-5 - 5 2 L 120/120 C 200/A - 5 2 L 40 /63 A 100/EA - 5 2 H 120/63 F 3/A - 5 1 M 40 /80/A-E 1-G 24



# 6.3 Notes regarding assembly, installation and conversion

All installation, set-up, maintenance and repairs must be performed by authorized and trained staff. The use of this product beyond the specified performance limits, use of non specified fluids and/or use of not genuine spares will cause the expiration of the guarantee.

#### 6.3.1 Mounting

The mounting of the valve bank must be performed in such a way that no stress is induced.

Three screws and elastic washers between valve assembly and frame are recommended for fastening.

#### 6.3.2 Piping

All fittings used must utilize deformable seal materials. Do not exceed the specified torque!

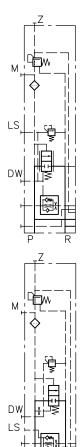
#### 6.3.3 Notes for converting the connection block

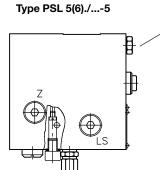
The connection blocks type PSL 5(6)...-5 and PSL UNF 6..-5 can be converted any time into a connection block for variable displacement pump systems (correct type then PSV 55 S../..-5 or PSV UNF 6 S). This requires replacing the parts listed below.

Attention: The screw (parts No. 6380 013) <sup>(1)</sup> Dor carburetor jet M4x0.6 <sup>(1)</sup> Eare secured with liquid screw lock, which must be applied again when replacing these parts.

This conversion cannot be carried out at the type PSL 5(6) U(H) and PSL 6 Y since the integrated valve combination forbids a combination with variable displacement pump systems.

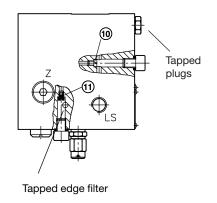
It is necessary to replace the tapped plug by the damping screw (@ (7778 301), while converting a type PSV to type PSL (does not apply to type PSV 5(6) S..-5 and PSV UNF 6 S..-5; as these are already equipped with it).





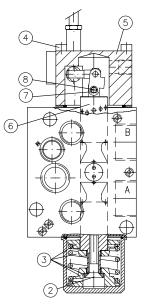
(12)

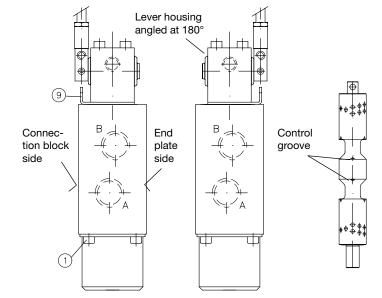
Type PSV 5(6) S./...-5



## 6.3.4 Notes on changing the spool

The valve spools are not mated to one spool housing. The refore valve spools can be changed at any time to adapt to changing consumer consumption. The following routine is to be followed particularly:





## Advice on changing the valve spool

- 1. Slacken screws ① (ISO 4762-M6x8-8.8-A2K), remove spring cover
- 2. Remove screw (2) (M8x40, machined flat head screw drawing DIN 7991)
- 3. Remove spring assembly including spring cap 3
- 4. Slacken screws ④ (ISO 4762-M6x60-8.8-A2K)
- 5. Lift lever housing including spool out of spool housing, drawing (5) (6)
- 6. Remove circlip DIN 6799-3,2 and remove bolt ⑦ ⑧
- 7. Assemble with (new) spool in reverse sequence
- Note: The control grooves of the valve spool should always be installed towards the end plate! Exception: Valve spools with flow coding 160 do not show control grooves

# Indications for angling the lever housing by 180° (inversion of the shifting mode)

As set out in 1. - 7. above, however instead of a new valve spool the existing one has to be disconnected, angled at  $180^{\circ}$  and remounted (see above mentioned note). The intermediate plate (a) together with the lever housing, have to be angled at  $180^{\circ}$ .

All lever housings of the valve bank have to be rotated!

## 6.3.5 Seal kits

Connection block	DS 7700-51
Valve section	DS 7700-52
In addition for pneumatic actuation	DS 7700-53
Intermediate plate ZPL 53	DS 7700-32
Intermediate plate ZPL 52	DS 7700-22