Throttle and shut-off valves type CAV

for screw in into simple tapped holes

Pressure $p_{max} = 500 \text{ bar}$ Flow $Q_{max} = 50 \text{ lpm}$ Further cartridge valves:

•	Pressure relief valves type CMV and CSV	D 7710 MV
•	Pressure controlled shut-off valves type CNE	D 7710 NE
•	Check valves type CRK, CRB, CRH	D 7712
•	Throttle valves type CQ, CQR, and CQV	D 7713
•	Flow control valves type CSJ	D 7736
•	Pressure reducing valves type CDK	D 7745
•	Pressure-dependent shut-off valves type CDSV	D 7876

Manually adjustable version CAV.. CAV..R CAV..V



Tool adjustable version (with lock nut) CAV..K CAV..RK CAV..RD



Turn knob (self-locking) CAV..D CAV..RD CAV..VD



1. General information

Throttle valves belong, according to DIN 1219-1, to the flow valves. With these valves it is possible to adjust a variable pressure difference, thereby determing the flow between inlet and outlet. This characteristic is used e.g. to simply adjust the velocity of cylinders in accumulator circuits and to limit the flow in control circuits etc.

Valves type CAV are of slot type design i.e. a slot forms the throttling cross section area. The slot has a constant width over the complete adjustment travel, therefore the cross section variation is linear. Because of this feature, the throttle has a superior adjustment characteristic when compared with ordinary tapered (annular gap) throttles. Due to the well designed ratio between depth and width, the slot is less sensitive to micro debris than tapered throttles. The throttling cross section is positioned at one point on the perimeter for slot type throttles whereas an annular gap is spread over the complete perimeter acting like a gap filter at fine adjustments. CAV type throttle and shut-off valves are available in various sizes and versions. In principle all these valves are to be screwed into the simply shaped tapped holes of a manifold body. The sealing of the inlet to outlet takes place at the contact area between the facial sealing edge of the screwed-in end of the valve body and the stepped shoulder of the core diameter at the location thread. Any standard steel drill (point angle 118°) automatically forms this stepped shoulder when the core diameter is drilled. Therefore reaming of the hole and bevels to help the seals slip in is not necessary.

The sealing of the attached valve and its fixing at the manifold body are made by a sealing nut with a special thread seal and an O-ring.

Symbols

Type CAV..(K)

with throttle / shut-off characteristic in both directions of flow



Type CAV..R(K)

with throttle / shut-off characteristic in direction of the thread and free return flow against it



Type CAV..V(K)

with free return flow in direction of the thread and throttle / shut-off characteristic against it





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Throttle and shut-off valves type CAV

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2. Available versions, main data

Order examples: CAV 2R

CAV 1V K - 1/4

Version with connection block (only with type CAV 1)
Ports A and B DIN ISO 228/1 (BSPP)

- 1/4 = G 1/4

- 3/8 = G 3/8

Adjustment (during operation)

Coding	Description
without	Standard, (wing screw + wing nut)
к	Tool adjustable version see sect. 5.2
D	Turn knob

Description and symbol	Basic type and size	Pressure p _{max} (bar)	Flow Q _{max} approx. (lpm) 1)	Tapped journal metric fine thread conforming ISO DIN 13 T6	Max. torque Valve body (Nm) ²)	
Throttling and blocking di- rection A → B	CAV 1	500	30	M 16x1.5	40	35
and $B \rightarrow A$	CAV 2		50	M 20x1.5	50	40
Throttling and blocking direc-	CAV 1R	500	15	M 16x1.5	40	35
tion $B \rightarrow A$, free flow $A \rightarrow B$	CAV 2R		25	M 20x1.5	50	40
Throttling and blocking direc-	CAV 1V	500	15	M 16x1.5	40	35
tion $A \rightarrow B$, free flow $B \rightarrow A$	CAV 2V		25	M 20x1.5	50	40

¹⁾ Valve fully opened

3. Further data

Nomination Throttle and shut-off valve cartridge

Design Slot type throttle, depending on version with/without by-pass check valve

Material Steel body gas nitrided, sealing nut zinc galvanized, internal functional parts hardened and ground.

For screw in into manifolds made of steel, cast iron and other materials (e.g. light alloy)

Installation position Any

Port coding A and B in flow diagrams and assembly drawings, only. See schematic drawings sect. 1 and

dimensional drawings sect. 3. The port codings are not stamped onto the valve body

Static overload capacity approx. $2 \times p_{max}$ at tightened state and with sealing nut locked

Direction of flow Arbitrary; blocked, throttled or free; see also cross-sectional drawings sect. 1 and table in sect. 2

Blocked position $B \rightarrow A$ (CAV ..R..) and $A \rightarrow B$ (CAV ..V..); a completely closed throttle is not leakagefree tight

Permissible pressure $p_{max} = 500 \text{ bar}$

Opening pressure CAV 1(2)R approx. 0.2 ... 0.4 bar $A \rightarrow B$

CAV 1(2)V 0 bar $B \rightarrow A$ (valve disc not spring loaded)

Mass (weight)

Type CAV 1.. = 50 g; type CAV 2.. = 70 g connection block - 1/4, - 3/8 = + 260 g

Pressure fluid

Hydraulic oil conforming DIN 51514 part 1 to 3: ISO VG 10 to 68 conforming DIN 51519.

Viscosity limits: min. approx. 4, max. approx. 1500 mm²/s;

opt. operation approx. 10... 500 mm²/s.

Also suitable are biologically degradable pressure fluids types HEPG (Polyalkylenglycol) and HEES

(Synth. Ester) at service temperatures up to approx. +70°C

Temperature Ambient: approx. -40 ... +80 °C

Fluid: -25 ... +80 °C, observe the viscosity range!

Permissible temperature during start: -40°C (observe start-viscosity!), as long as the service temperature is at least 20K higher for the following operation.Biologically degradable pressure fluids: Note manufacturer's specifications. By consideration of the compatibility with seal al not

over +70°C

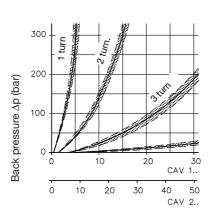
²⁾ This applies to manifolds made of steel, nodular cast iron or other common materials, e.g. light alloy

 Δp -Q curves

Throttling curves

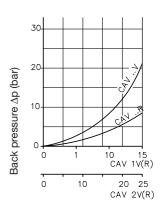
Guideline per turn, counted from blocked

position



Flow Q (lpm)

Direction of free flow



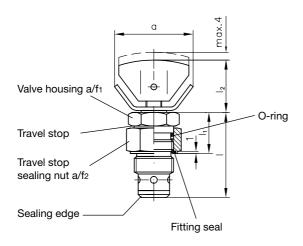
Flow Q (lpm)

Unit dimensions 4.

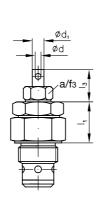
Viscosity during measurements

approx. 60 mm²/s

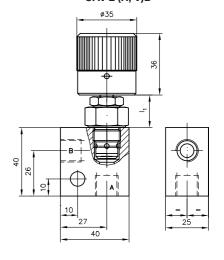
Type CAV 1 (R, V) **CAV 2 (R, V)**



Type CAV 1 (R, V)K **CAV 2 (R, V)K**



Type CAV 1 (R, V)D (- 1/4, - 3/8) CAV 2 (R, V)D

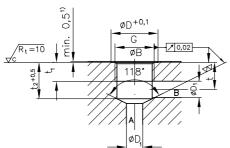


Ports A and B DIN ISO 228/1 (BSPP)

- 1/4 = G 1/4
- 3/8 = G 3/8

Surface zinc galvanized

Mounting hole



1) If pressure exceeds 100 bar at B, sinking is required!

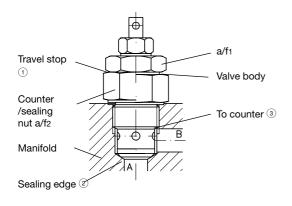
Type	Thread seal	O-ring AU 90 Sh
CAV 1	Kantseal DKAR00016-N90	14x1.78
CAV 2	Kantseal DKAR00018-N90	17.17x1.78

																	Sinking
Type	D	D1	а	d	d1	1	l1	l 2	Із	t	t1	t2	G	a/f1	a/f2	a/f3	B _{max}
CAV 1	22	8	35	2	4.5	37	18	24	17	13	11	18	M 16x1.5	17	22	10	Ø16 ^{+0.2}
CAV 2	24	10	45	3	6	43	22	29	21	14	13	20	M 20x1.5	22	24	11	Ø20 ^{+0.2}

All dimension in mm and subject to change without notice!

5. Assembly instructions

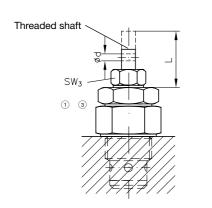
5.1 Screw in and locking



- Before screwing the valve body into the manifold, loosen the counter/sealing nut until the travel stop.
- ② Screw in the valve body (a/f1) and tighten with the correct torque. The metallic sealing of the inlet to the outlet takes place at the contact area of the facial sealing edge and the stepped shoulder of the core diameter at the location thread
- (3) Tighten the counter/sealing nut with the correct torque.

Type and size	Valve body		Counter/sealing nut			
	Spanner size a/f1	Torque	Spanner size a/f2	Torque		
		(Nm) ²)		(Nm) ²)		
CAV 1	17	40	22	35		
CAV 2	22	50	24	40		

5.2 Adjustment of type CAV..K





- 1 Loosen lock nut
- ② Insert a pin shaped tool in the hole (\varnothing d) of the threaded shaft Clockwise = reduction of the throttling cross section area (Δ p rises)

Anti clockwise = reduction of the throttling cross section area (Δp falls)

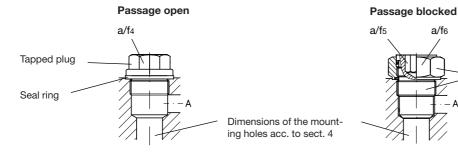
(3) Re-tighten lock nut after adjustment

Type and		Lock nut		Threaded shaft			
size	L	Spanner size a/f3	Torque	Thread	Ød	Ød1 max.	
			(Nm) ²)				
CAV 1	17	10	15	M 6	2	1.8	
CAV 2	21	13	30	M 8	3	2.8	

Tapped blockage plug combination

5.3 Tapped plugs

Mounting holes in the manifold may be blocked if required by tapped plugs e. g. if uniform manufactured manifolds should be equipped with or without cartrige valves depending on application.



	Tapped plu		ssage open	Seal ring	Passage blocked Tapped blockage/plug combination 1)							
						er sealing nut						
Type and size	DIN 910	a/f4	Torque (Nm) ²)	DIN 7603-Cu	Drawing-No.	a /f5	Torque (Nm) ²)	a/f6	Torque (Nm) ²)			
CAV 1	M 16x1.5	17	40	A 16x22x1.5	Z 7712 003	8	40	22	35			
CAV 2	M 20x1.5	19	50	A 20x24x1.5	Z 7712 013	10	50	24	40			

- 1) For fitting seal and O-ring see sect. 4.
- ²) This applies to manifolds made of steel, nodular cast iron or other common materials, e.g. light alloy